

GUIDELINES AND PROCEDURES FOR THE ACQUISITION OF NATIONAL DOCUMENTS BY ZAMBIANS IN THE DIASPORA







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Guidelines and Procedures for the Acquisition of National Documents by Zambians in the Diaspora

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Ministry of Home Affairs

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FOREWORD

The Zambian Diaspora play an important role in the economic development of the country. Beyond their well-known and notable role as senders of remittances, the Diaspora also promote tourism, trade and foreign direct investment, create businesses as well as spur entrepreneurship, and transfer new knowledge and skills. It is in recognition of this potential that, in April 2019, Her Honour Mrs. Inonge M. Wina, M. P., Vice President of the Republic of Zambia, launched the National Diaspora Policy in order to enhance the participation of the Diaspora in the development agenda of the country.

In an effort to implement the Policy, the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Home Affairs, with the support of the International Organization for Migration (IOM), successfully carried out the consolidation of the Guidelines and Procedures for the acquisition and renewal of national documents. These simplified Guidelines and Procedures will ensure that the processes and procedures for acquiring national documents is clear and accessible to all Zambians in the Diaspora.

The Government of the Republic of Zambia is pleased to launch this sterling volume of Guidelines and Procedures for the Acquisition and Renewal of National Documents by Zambians in the Diaspora. We call upon all the relevant stakeholders to adhere to the procedures and standards, herein, and to support the roll-out of the consolidated Guidelines and Procedures in all Zambian Missions Abroad.

We have every confidence that the simplified Guidelines and Procedures will have a positive impact on the process of acquiring national documents by the Zambians in the Diaspora, thereby facilitating their effective participation in the development of our great and beloved country.

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i



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Zambia began developing its National Diaspora Policy in 2017. The essence of the policy was to address the challenges faced by the Zambians Living Abroad which included among others the acquisition and renewal of national documents. This necessitated the consolidation of the Guidelines and Procedures for the Acquisition and Renewal of Zambian National Documents by Zambians in the Diaspora by the Government of the Republic of Zambia.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in collaboration with the Ministry of Home Affairs, was encouraged to embark on this project to consolidate the existing Guidelines and Procedures following the various engagements with Zambians in the Diaspora, as well as the staff in the Zambian Missions Abroad. The two Ministries worked hand in hand to develop simple, clear and concise Guidelines and Procedures to make the acquisition of National Documents by any Zambian in the Diaspora more user friendly.

The process of consolidating the Guidelines and Procedures involved wide internal consultations with various Government institutions; including the Department of National Registration, Passport Citizenship (DNRPC) of the Ministry of Home Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Zambian Missions Abroad, and a special contribution from the International Organization for Migration (IOM).

We would like to thank and commend the Technical Working Group from the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Home Affairs for their commitment and tireless work towards the consolidation of the Guidelines and Procedures. We also wish to recognize the Heads of Missions in all the Zambian Missions Abroad and their Staff for their remarkable and valuable contributions. Special thanks go to our esteemed partner, the International Organization for Migration (IOM), for their continued financial and material support. We further wish to express gratitude to all our nationals in the Diaspora who, from the time of the October 2015 National Indaba, have made significant contributions to the development and implementation of the Policy through the various Associations of Zambians across the globe.

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iii



TABLE OF CONTENTS

FO	REW	/ORD	i
AC	KNC	DWLEDGEMENTS	iii
TEC	CHN	IICAL WORKING GROUP	viii
1.	IN'	TRODUCTION	1
2.	DU	JAL CITIZENSHIP	2
2	2.1	Citizenship by Bestowal	2
2	2.2	Citizenship by Notice of Acquisition	4
2	2.3	Citizenship by Registration	5
2	2.4	Acquisition of National Registration Card for Dual Citizens	6
3.	NA	ATIONAL REGISTRATION CARD (NRC)	9
4.	NA	ATIONAL TRAVEL DOCUMENTS	12
4	l.1	Passport	12
4	1.2	Travel Document of Identity	12
5.	BIF	RTH CERTIFICATE	17
6.	DE	EATH CERTIFICATE	20
7.	CE	RTIFICATE OF NON-IMPEDIMENT TO MARRIAGE	21
8.	FEI	es and penalties — national travel documents	22
9.	FEI	ES FOR CITIZENSHIP OF ZAMBIA	23
CC	NTA	ACTS	24
GL	OSS/	ARY	25
AN	NEX	(A: STATUS ON DUAL CITIZENSHIP PER COUNTRY	27
1		Countries that Allow Dual Citizenship	27
2	<u>)</u> .	Countries that Do Not Allow Dual Citizenship	33
3	3.	Countries that Allow Dual Citizenship under Limited Circumstances	38
		(B: ZAMBIAN MISSIONS ABROAD WITH COUNTRIES AND ORGANIZATIONS OF EX DITATION	
1	ı.	Africa and the Middle East	43

2.	Americas and the Caribbean	45		
3.	Asia and the Pacific	46		
4.	Europe	47		
ANNE	X C: LIST OF PROVINCES AND DISTRICTS	49		
ANNE)	X D: LIST OF CHIEFS IN ZAMBIA	54		
1.	. Central Province			
2.	Copperbelt Province			
3.	Eastern Province	56		
4.	Luapula Province	58		
5.	Lusaka Province	60		
6.	Muchinga Province	60		
7.	Northern Province	62		
8.	North-Western Province	63		
9.	Southern Province	64		
10.	Western Province	66		
	x e: department of national registration, passport and citizenship - red application forms	67		
1.	Form II. Application for National Registration	68		
2.	Form III. Application for Replacement of National Registration Card	70		
3.	Form IV. Notice of Acquisition of Dual Citizenship	72		
4.	Form V. Notification of Change of National Status	73		
5.	Form VI. Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of Another Country	74		
6.	Form VII. Application for Bestowal of Citizenship	75		
7.	Form VIII. Notice of Birth Application	77		
8.	Form IX. Affidavit of Birth by Independent Witness	79		
9.	Form XIII. Notice of Death	80		
10.	Form A: Application for a Zambian Passport for Persons Over Sixteen Years of Age	82		
11.	Form B: Application for a Zambian Passport for Persons Below the Age of Sixteen			
12.	Form L: Lost Passport Description Slip	90		
13.	Form M: Affidavit/Affirmation	92		
14.	Form N: Affidavit of Birth			
15.	Affidavit of Non-Impediment to Marriage	95		
16.	General Affidavit	96		
17.	Application for a Zambian Passport – Barcoded Form	97		

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1. INTRODUCTION

This booklet provides Guidelines and Procedures for the acquisition of Zambian National Identity Documents by the Zambian Diaspora. The main purpose of the Guidelines and Procedures is to:

- Ensure smooth facilitation and easy acquisition of National Identity Documents;
- ii. Ensure easy understanding of the acquisition processes and make them as simple and brief as possible;
- iii. Assist the applicants to ensure submission of correct documentation or requirements; and
- iv. Provide clear guidance to the staff in Zambian Missions Abroad and in the Department of National Registration, Passports and Citizenship (DNRPC) in their engagement with the Diaspora.

National Identity Document: a legal record/certificate/card issued by relevant government institutions for the purpose of verifying aspects of an individual's personal identity.

Zambian Diaspora: persons originating from Zambia, living or working abroad, who individually or collectively are willing to contribute to national development. This includes their descendants and is regardless of their acquired foreign citizenship.

All National Identity Documents are issued by the Department of National Registration, Passport and Citizenship (DNRPC) under the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) and are regulated under the following pieces of Legislation:

- i. Birth and Death Act Cap 51;
- ii. Passport Act No 28 of 2016;
- iii. National Registration Act Cap 126;
- iv. The Citizenship Act No 33 of 2016;
- v. Marriage Act Cap 50; and
- vi. Adoption Act Cap 54 of the Laws of Zambia.

For the acquisition of National Identity Documents, all submissions in foreign languages will be required to be translated into English.

Any person who would be found unlawfully in possession of a national identity document, commits an offence and will be prosecuted before the courts of law.

2. DUAL CITIZENSHIP

Dual Citizenship enables Zambian nationals to officially hold citizenship of **one** other country, in addition to their Zambian Citizenship. It was enacted by Article 39 of the Constitution of Zambia (Amendment) Act No. 2 of 2016 and came into effect on **5 January 2016**

For a Zambian national or a person of Zambian ancestry to enjoy Dual Citizenship, the other country should allow for such arrangement with Zambia. See list of countries that allow Dual Citizenship with Zambia (Annex A).

Zambian nationals can acquire Dual Citizenship through the following processes:

- i. Bestowal;
- ii. Notice of Acquisition; and
- iii. Registration.

Note: Applicants **must** ensure that **all personal details** appearing on the Identity Documents are the same for both countries. Certification of all documents needs to be done by the responsible officer at the nearest Zambian Mission Abroad (Annex B).

2.1 Citizenship by Bestowal

Definition

This refers to a person above the age of 18 years who acquired another citizenship **before** the Constitution Amendment of 5 January 2016, and as such automatically lost their Zambian Citizenship, but wish to have their citizenship **restored.**

Process of Citizenship by Bestowal:

- Collection of Application for Bestowal of Citizenship (Form VII) (Annex E) from the Passport office for those in Zambia, and the nearest Zambian Mission Abroad for those in the Diaspora;
- 2. Completion of Form VII (Annex E);

- The completed Application Form, plus all necessary supporting documents, should be submitted in person or by courier to the nearest Zambian Mission with the application fee equivalent to ZMW 300;
- 4. After the Citizenship Board approves the application, an approval letter is sent to the appropriate Zambian Mission Abroad (Annex B);
- 5. Upon receipt of an approval letter, the Applicant must take the Oath of Allegiance by completing Form IX (Regulation 14) (Annex E) and submit the Form, with a payment equivalent to **ZMW 5,000**, to the Zambian Mission;
- 6. The Mission confirms receipt of the Applicant's payment to the Passport and Citizenship Office in writing;
- 7. The Passport and Citizenship Office prepares the Certificate of Bestowal and sends the Certificate to the Mission; and
- 8. The Applicant should collect the Certificate of Bestowal from the Mission and will thereafter be required to travel to Zambia to apply for a new NRC;
- 9. This process takes **approximately nine (9) months** from the time the duly completed application is submitted.

Supporting documents

- (i) Certified copy of the Green NRC held before cessation of Citizenship (in case of a lost NRC, submit a Police Report from the country of residence with the NRC number indicated if known);
- (ii) Copy of the Zambian Passport held before cessation of Citizenship (In case of a lost Passport, submit a Police Report from the country of residence);
- (iii) Copy of the current foreign Passport;
- (iv) Certified copy of the Applicant's Birth Certificate or sworn General Affidavit (Annex E) or Birth Record (if in possession of one);
- (v) Four (4) Passport Photos (which shall show the full face and both ears, without any headgear or adornment);
- (vi) Copy of Renunciation Certificate, if the Applicant renounced Zambian Citizenship;
- (vii) Certified copy of parents/blood relative's National Registration Card, if available;
- (viii) Original Police Fingerprint and Clearance Certificate obtained from the country of residence.

2.2 Citizenship by Notice of Acquisition

Definition

Notice of Acquisition is applicable to the following categories of persons who obtained citizenship of another country, after the Constitution Amendment of 5 January 2016:

- i. Persons who obtained citizenship of another country **after** the Constitution Amendment of 5 January 2016;
- ii. Persons who obtained Citizenship of another country **through marriage**, before or after the Constitutional Amendment of 5 January 2016.

Requirements:

Adults

- 1. Completion of the Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of another Country (Form VI) (Annex E);
- 2. Certified copy of the Applicant's Zambian Green NRC;
- 3. Copy of the Applicant's Zambian Passport;
- 4. Copy of the current Foreign Passport; and
- 5. Certified copy of the Certificate of Naturalization/Certificate of Registration of the acquired citizenship.

Note: For persons who obtained foreign citizenship through marriage, if the Certificate does not indicate that citizenship was obtained through marriage, a confirmation letter from relevant authorities in that country may suffice.

Children (Persons under the age of 18)

- 1. Completion of the Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of another country (Form VI) (Annex E);
- 2. Certified copy of the Birth Certificate of the Applicant;
- 3. Copy of the current foreign Passport of the Applicant;
- 4. Certified copy of the Father/Mother's Zambian Green NRC; and
- 5. Copy of Father/Mother's Zambian Passport.

Note: Notice of Acquisition must be accompanied by a duly completed Passport application or certified copies of a valid Zambian Passport.

2.3 Citizenship by Registration

Definition

Applicants of Zambian descent of 18 years and above, who have never held any Zambian National Identity but hold Citizenship of a country that allows Dual Citizenship with Zambia, may apply to be **awarded** Citizenship by Registration.

According to Article 37 of the Zambian Constitution of 2016, a person is entitled to apply to the Citizenship Board of Zambia to be registered as a citizen, if that person meets the following conditions:

- i. Born in Zambia, and would require to reside in Zambia for a continuous period of five (5) years;
- ii. Born outside Zambia, has or had an ancestor who is, or was, a citizen and has been ordinarily resident in Zambia for a continuous period of five (5) years; or
- iii. Is of Zambian descent but with no traceable lineage or Zambian documentation, would require residing in Zambia for a continuous period of ten (10) years.

Requirements:

- Applicant to advertise with a Zambian Newspaper (either Times of Zambia or Daily Mail) and Government Gazette after completing the Notice of Intention to Apply for Citizenship by Registration;
- 2. Completion of the Application for Citizenship by Registration (Form II) (Annex E);
- 3. Five (5) Passport size photos (which shall show the full face and both ears, without any headgear or adornment);
- ${\it 4. \ \ Fingerprints and Police Clearance Certificate (to be obtained in Zambia);}$
- Three (3) letters from Zambian citizens who have known the Applicant for ten (10)
 years or more and are resident in Zambia, e.g.: Member of Parliament, Senior
 Government Official, Magistrate, Legal Practitioner, Bank official, Local Authority or
 Medical Practitioner.

Note: The advert has to run in a State-owned Newspaper or Government Gazette for 21 days in order to give the members of the public an opportunity to make comments.

Supporting Documents

- i. Certified copy of Zambian Resident Permit;
- ii. Certified copies of title deeds (if the applicant owns properties in Zambia);
- iii. Certified copy of the National Registration Card;
- iv. Certified copy of the Marriage Certificate and Spouse Permit (where applicable);
- v. Certified copy of the school certificate or equivalent (where applicable);
- vi. Certified copy of the current bank account statement valid for a period of two months; and
- vii. Certified copy of the Certificate of Incorporation or Registration and Certificate of share capital (where applicable).

2.4 Acquisition of National Registration Card for Dual Citizens

- 1. Applicant completes Notice of Acquisition of Dual Citizenship (Form IV) (Annex E);
- 2. Applicant attaches copies of the following documents:
 - i) Certificate of Bestowal;
 - ii) Previous original NRC or Police Report, if lost; and
 - iii) Current foreign Passport.
- 3. Submission of the completed Form IV (Annex E) to the Registrar for approval;
- 4. Upon completion of the preceding steps, the Applicant is ready to be issued with an NRC, indicating their Dual Citizenship status.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. **Question:** I lost my Zambian Citizenship **before** the Constitution amendment of 5 January 2016. Do I automatically retain the Citizenship of Zambia?

Answer: No, it is not automatic but for as long as you were a holder of Zambian national documents (NRC, Passport or endorsement of parent's Passport), you would be required to apply for your Zambian Citizenship through the **Bestowal** process.

2. **Question:** I acquired citizenship of another country **after** the Constitution amendment of 5 January 2016, do I lose my Zambian Citizenship?

Answer: No, you do not lose your Zambian Citizenship, but you would be required to officially notify the Passport and Citizenship Office in Zambia or the nearest Zambian Mission by completing the **Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of another country** (Form VI) (Annex E).

3. **Question:** Where one or both parents is a holder of Zambian citizenship and their child is below 18 years but is a holder of citizenship of another country, does such a child qualify for citizenship of Zambia?

Answer: Yes, a child who is below 18 years retains their Zambian citizenship but would be required to complete the **Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of another country** (Form VI) (Annex E).

Note: A person above 18 years of age of Zambian parents (one or both) can only claim for Zambian citizenship through **Bestowal**, if they previously held Zambian national documents (NRC, Passport or endorsement in parent's Passport) or through the process of **Registration**, if they never held any Zambian documents.

4. **Question:** I am 21 years old of a foreign citizenship but born to Zambian parents who also later acquired citizenship of another country. Do I qualify for citizenship of Zambia?

Answer: A person born in or outside Zambia is a citizen of Zambia if at the time of his/her birth, one or both parents was a holder of Zambian citizenship.

If such a person was a holder of either an NRC or Zambian Passport or endorsed in one of their parents' Zambian Passport, they are eligible to apply for citizenship through **Bestowal**. **However**, if such a person has never been a holder of a Zambian national document, they can only obtain Zambian citizenship through the process of **Registration**.

5. **Question:** I am 19 years old, and my parents acquired citizenship of another country before my birth. Am I able to claim citizenship of Zambia?

Answer: No, because **at the time of your birth**, both of your parents had ceased to be citizens of Zambia. Therefore, if you wish to become a citizen of Zambia, you would be required to apply for citizenship through the process of **Registration**.

6. **Question:** Do my children automatically become Zambian citizens after I obtain my Bestowal of Citizenship?

Answer A: If at the time of your child's birth, neither of you as parents held Zambian citizenship, the child **does not** automatically become Zambian but would need to apply for citizenship by Registration at the age of 18.

Answer B: If at the time of your child's birth, at least one parent held Zambian citizenship, the child (below the age of 18) **is eligible** to claim citizenship of Zambia by completing the Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of another country (Form VI) (Annex E).

3. NATIONAL REGISTRATION CARD (NRC)

Definition

An NRC is a mandatory and foundational identification card, which serves as the primary source of proof of identification of a Zambian National and the basis upon which all other national documents are secured. It is for this reason that the NRC can only be applied for and obtained in Zambia, in person.

In this regard, Zambians are encouraged to ensure that NRCs are obtained as early as possible after attaining the age of 16 years.

A. Requirements for initial/first NRC

- 1. The applicant can only obtain an NRC in Zambia, at any Registration Centre of the Department of National Registration Passport and Citizenship (DNRPC);
- 2. At least one parent must be a Zambian citizen at the time of the Applicant's birth;
- 3. The Applicant must be sixteen (16) years or above at the time of applying;
- 4. The Applicant must be accompanied by a Deponent (who must be a parent, blood relative or legal guardian);
- 5. The Deponent must come with their original NRC;
- 6. The Applicant must be in possession of a Birth Certificate (from the country where the birth occurred) or an Under-five card, Record of Birth or sworn Affidavit;
- 7. The Applicant must attach a copy of parent's NRC (if available);
- 8. Applicants who have lived outside Zambia must show proof of being Zambian citizens by presenting travel documents, Citizenship or Naturalization Certificates for parents; and
- The NRC photograph is taken at the DNRPC offices in Zambia. The photo must show the Applicant's full face and both ears, without any braids, headgear or adornment.

B. Requirements for replacement of a lost NRC

- 1. Police Report; and
- 2. Payment of the prescribed fee.

C. Requirements for replacement of a Damaged NRC

- 1. Damaged NRC; and
- 2. Payment of the prescribed fee.

Note: An NRC replacement, unlike a Passport, can only be obtained from Zambia, in person.

D. Change of Name on the NRC

Every Registered Person must use the names appearing on the NRC. However, the Law has provided for a procedure to be followed where the Registered Person has assumed new name(s). This procedure can only be done at the Registrar General's office in Zambia.

Requirements:

- 1. Deed Poll (sealed by the High Court of the Republic of Zambia). The Applicant must:
 - Engage a lawyer to draft a Deed Poll;
 - Submit the Deed Poll to Government Printers and any State-owned newspapers (Daily Mail or Times of Zambia) for gazetting within 21 days; and
 - ➤ Submit a Government Printers Certificate, Newspaper cuttings of the advert and Deed Poll to the DNRPC Head Office.
- 2. Original NRC;
- 3. Payment of the prescribed fee;
- 4. Any other proof to support the change of the names, as the Registrar may deem fit; and
- 5. Original NRC will be replaced with a new NRC bearing the new names.

E. Requirements for the Correction of Names on the NRC

- 1. Statutory Declaration duly signed by a Commissioner for Oaths;
- 2. Original NRC;
- 3. Payment of the prescribed fee;
- 4. Any other proof to support the change, as the Registrar may deem fit; and
- 5. Original NRC will be replaced with a new NRC bearing the corrected names.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. Question: At what age is a green NRC acquired?

Answer: 16 years and above.

2. Question: Why do I need a green NRC?

Answer: Because a green NRC is a mandatory primary source of proof of identification of a Zambian national.

3. **Question:** I am a Zambian citizen and I lost my NRC. Am I eligible to renew my Passport?

Answer: Yes, provided you have a photocopy of the NRC, because it is mandatory for every Applicant to have an NRC in order to renew their Passport.

4. **Question:** If I don't have a police report from the foreign country where I lost the NRC, what do I do?

Answer: You can obtain a police report from any Police Station within Zambia.

5. Question: Can I get an NRC from any Zambian Mission abroad (Annex B)?

Answer: No. Due to the security nature of this foundational document, the Law provides for the issuance of NRCs only within Zambia.

6. Question: I am 35 years old and have lived outside Zambia since the age of 14, and I want to apply for an NRC, what documents do I need to attach to my application?

Answer: For as long as you have not obtained citizenship of another country, you may be issued with an NRC but you would need to attach the following documents:

- i. Copy of foreign Residence Permit;
- ii. Original NRC of accompanying deponent;
- iii. Copy of parent's NRC (if available); and
- iv. Copy of either birth certificate, Under-five Clinic Card or Sworn Affidavit.

4. NATIONAL TRAVEL DOCUMENTS

The Government of the Republic of Zambia issues two types of documents to enable its nationals to travel from one country to another. These are the Passport and the Travel Document of Identity (TDI).

4.1 Passport

Definition

A Passport is an official document issued by the Department of National Registration, Passport and Citizenship (DNRPC) certifying the holder's identity and citizenship and entitling the holder to travel under the State's protection to and from foreign countries.

Zambian Missions Abroad (Annex B) are mandated **to receive** applications for renewal and replacement of national travel documents. The Missions are not mandated to issue Passports.

A Passport must be renewed six (6) months before the expiry date or with a minimum number of three (3) pages remaining in the current passport.

4.2 Travel Document of Identity

Definition

A Travel Document of Identity (TDI) is the document issued to a Zambian National to enable them to travel **one way** and **directly to Zambia** in the case of an emergency.

The Zambian Missions are **only** mandated to issue a **one way** TDI, in order to facilitate the movement of a Zambian national to Zambia. The Applicant will be required to obtain a Passport upon arrival in Zambia.

Note: Requirements for the issuance of a TDI are the same as those for issuance of a Passport, except the TDI application process does not require completion of the Barcode Form.

Requirements for Acquisition of National Travel Documents (Passport and Travel Document of Identity):

A) Applicants aged sixteen (16) and above

- 1. Duly completed Application Form A (Annex E);
- 2. Duly completed Affidavit of Birth Form N (Annex E);
- 3. Duly completed Application Barcode Form; and
- 4. Two (2) passport size photographs. The photo must show the Applicant's full face, both ears and without any braids, headgear or adornment. **One** passport photo must be endorsed by the Recommender.

Supporting documents

- i. Certified copy of national identity/NRC;
- ii. Certified copy of previous travel document, if any;
- iii. Certified copy of a Marriage Certificate, where applicable;
- iv. Certified copy of Birth Certificate, sworn Affidavit (Annex E) or Birth Record:
- v. Copy of a Residence Permit; and
- vi. Copy of Clearance letter (as proof of not having obtained another citizenship).

B) Applicants below the age of sixteen (16)

- 1. Duly completed Application Form B (Annex E);
- 2. Duly completed Affidavit/Affirmation Form M (Annex E); and
- 3. Duly completed Application Barcode Form.

(All Forms for Applicants below the age of 16 must be completed by a parent or legal guardian).

Supporting documents

- i. Certified copy of Birth Certificate or Affidavit of Birth;
- ii. Certified copy of NRC of parent or legal guardian;
- iii. Copy of the previous travel document, if any;
- iv. Copy of valid Zambian Passport of parent/s or legal guardian;

- v. Sworn General Affidavit of Consent (by parent or guardian);
- vi. Proof of payment (Receipt of the fee to be attached); and
- vii. Two (2) passport size photographs. The photo must show the Applicant's full face and both ears, **without any braids**, headgear, or adornment. **One** passport photo must be endorsed by the Recommender.

C) Replacement of a Lost Passport or Travel Document of Identity

- 1. Police Report from the Applicant's country of residence or where the document was lost;
- 2. Proof of payment (Receipt of the fee attached);
- 3. General Affidavit Form Declaration for the loss of travel document (Annex E);
- Duly completed Lost Passport Description Slip Form L (Annex E); and
 Duly completed Passport Application Form A or B including 7, 8, and 9 respectively (Annex E).

Note: The Government reserves the right to issue a replacement passport with a restricted validity period at a fee, depending on the circumstances of the loss of the travel document.

D) Replacement of Damaged Travel Document

- 1. Sworn General Affidavit Form (Declaration for the damaged travel document) (Annex E); and
- 2. Complete Passport Application Form A or B (Annex E).

Note:

- All supporting documents should be certified by a designated official at the nearest Zambian Mission;
- The Applicant's Recommender (Form A) (Annex E) or Witness (Form B) (Annex E) in the Application Forms, should be a designated official at the nearest Zambian Mission:
- Applications must be submitted, in person, by the Applicant to Passport Office or the Zambian Missions abroad (Annex B) that covers your country of residence:

• No third-party submissions will be considered. However, Applicants who live in a country where there is no resident Zambian Mission may contact the nearest Mission on how to process the application.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. Question: Can I apply for a Zambian Passport without a Birth Certificate?

Answer: Yes, you can, however, an Affidavit of Birth must be submitted in place of the Birth Certificate.

2. **Question:** Can I attach copies of my previous Zambian Passport or TDI to my application for a new Passport?

Answer: Yes, if in possession, and together with all other required documents. In the case of a TDI, you would be required to attach the original TDI to the application for a new Passport.

3. **Question:** Should the Recommender at the Zambian Mission have known me for at least two years?

Answer: Not necessarily, but the applicant must be known either by any other member of staff of the Mission or by any of the registered Zambian communities within that country. It is for this reason that Zambians are encouraged to register with the Missions.

4. Question: If I have lost my passport but I want to travel to Zambia urgently, what should I do?

Answer: Present a police report to the nearest Zambian Mission in order to be issued with a one-way Travel Document of Identity (TDI) to enable you to travel to Zambia. You will be charged an applicable penalty fee, in addition to the prescribed fee, depending on which document you have lost.

5. **Question:** Why do Passport applications take long to process?

Answer: The actual processing time is **14 working days** from the date of receipt of the Application at the Passport Office, which endeavours as much as possible to prioritize the issuance of Passports for Zambians in the Diaspora. However, delays may occur if all requirements are not met in full.

6. **Question:** Why do I need to complete an Application Form when renewing my Passport?

Answer: Completing the Form is important as personal information or particulars may have changed at the time of making the renewal application such as marital status, place of residence, physical appearance, etc.

7. **Question:** Can I have my supporting documents certified by any qualified Commissioner for Oaths?

Answer: No. All supporting documents must be certified by the designated official at the nearest Zambian Mission.

5. BIRTH CERTIFICATE

Definition

This is an official document that is issued by the DNRPC to certify the occurrence of a birth of a person born in Zambia, on or after 14 March 1973.

Requirements for Acquisition of Birth Certificates for those born in Zambia:

(a) First Registration

- 1. Duly completed Notice of Birth application form (Form VIII: Annex E);
- 2. Applicant's original Record of Birth;
- 3. Certified copy of parents' National Identity Documents;
- 4. Certified copy of National Identity Document of Informant (in the absence of a parent);
- 5. Certified copy of the Applicant's valid Passport;
- 6. Certified copy of NRC of Applicant (if available);
- 7. Duly completed Independent Witness Form IX (if not born at a health facility) (Annex E); and
- 8. Sworn General Affidavit (if not in possession of an Under-five Clinic Card) (Annex E)

(b) Replacement of Birth Certificate

- (i) Damaged
- 1. The damaged Certificate; and
- 2. Prescribed fee.

(ii) Lost or destroyed

- 1. Police report; and
- 2. Prescribed fee.

(c) Change of name

- 1. Original Certificate;
- 2. Deed Poll; and
- 3. Prescribed fee.

(d) Correction of particulars

- 1. Original Certificate;
- 2. Statutory Declaration; and
- 3. Prescribed fee.

Note:

- Birth Certificates are only issued in Zambia. However, the Zambian Missions
 Abroad can facilitate the process to obtain Birth Certificates for those born in
 Zambia but who did not obtain a Birth Certificate when the birth occurred.
- Zambian Nationals are encouraged to register births of their children who are born outside Zambia at the nearest Zambian Mission.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. Question: Who is eligible to acquire a Zambian Birth Certificate?

Answer: All persons born in Zambia after **14 March 1973** whether they are Zambian or not.

2. **Question**: Why is the issuance of Birth Certificates only applicable to persons born after **14 March 1973**?

Answer: This is provided for in the Births and Deaths Registration Act Chapter 51 of the Laws of Zambia, which came into effect on **14 March 1973**.

3. **Question**: I was born in Zambia before the Births and Deaths Registration Act of 14 March 1973? How do I acquire a birth certificate?

Answer: The provisions in the Act do not cater for persons born before **14 March 1973**. However, a letter may be issued by the DNRPC Head Office to such persons, as proof of birth in Zambia. A Deponent would be required to fill in application Form M (Annex E) and attach a copy of their NRC and that of the applicant for submission to the DNRPC.

4. **Question:** Why should I notify the Zambian Mission of the birth of my child, when they would not be issued with a Zambian Birth Certificate?

Answer: In an event that you wish to apply for a National Document for your child such as an NRC or Passport, the **proof of record of birth** at the Zambian Mission would serve as evidence of your child's Zambian ancestry.

6. DEATH CERTIFICATE

Definition

This is an official document issued to certify the occurrence and cause of a death in the country where the death took place.

Requirements for deaths occurring in Zambia:

- 1. Original Medical Certificate of the cause of death;
- 2. Original NRC, if available;
- 3. Police Report if not in possession of the Original NRC; and
- 4. Copy of the Passport for foreigners.

Note: It is recommended that all deaths of Zambian nationals must be reported at the nearest Zambian Mission Abroad (Annex B).

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. Question: Why should I notify the Zambian Mission of the death of a Zambian national even when there may be no role for the Mission to play?

Answer:

- Maintaining a record of deaths of Zambian nationals in the Diaspora would help curb identity theft of deceased Zambians;
- This would also help the Zambian Government to maintain a correct record of its citizenry;
- In the event of repatriation of the remains, the Mission would play a facilitatory role.

7. CERTIFICATE OF NON-IMPEDIMENT TO MARRIAGE

Definition

A Certificate of Non-Impediment to Marriage is a sworn statement that affirms that one is single and eligible to marry. Overseas marriage authorities often require further evidence that the individual is single and eligible to marry.

Therefore, an Applicant's Deponent would be required to complete the Affidavit Form of Non-Impediment, in person, at the DNRPC head office, at no fee.

Requirements:

- 1. Affidavit Form of Non-Impediment completed by a Deponent (a biological relative who must be older than the Applicant) (Annex E);
- 2. Copy of the NRC of the Applicant; and
- 3. Copy of the NRC of the Deponent.

8. FEES AND PENALTIES - NATIONAL TRAVEL DOCUMENTS

No.	Description	Ordinary fee	Additional express fees	Penalty fees for lost passport / replacement
1	48 paged National Passport	USD 100	USD 40	USD 20
2	32 paged Ordinary Passport	USD 80	USD 40	USD 20
3	Travel Document of Identity (Form G)			ZMW 70.00
4	Penalty Charge for Lost Travel Document of Identity (In addition to normal TDI charge)			ZMW 50.00
5	Application Form for Passport or TDI Form			ZMW 20.00

9. FEES FOR CITIZENSHIP OF ZAMBIA

No.	Description	Amount (ZMW)
1.	Application for Citizenship of Zambia by Registration	550
2.	Certificate of Citizenship by Registration	10,000
3.	Application for Bestowal of Citizenship of Zambia	300
4.	Certificate of Bestowal of Citizenship of Zambia	5,000
5.	Declaration of Renunciation of Citizenship of Zambia	1,000

CONTACTS

1. Zambian Missions Abroad (High Commissions, Embassies and Consular Offices)

2. The Permanent Secretary (IR&C)

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Charter House

Independence Avenue

LUSAKA

Zambia

Tel.: +260 211 25 35 07 / +260 211 25 02 40

Email: info@zambiandiaspora.gov.zm

3. The Registrar General

Department of National Registration, Passport and Citizenship (DNRPC)

Kundalila House

Dedan Kimathi Road

P.O. Box 32311

LUSAKA

Zambia

Email: Passport.Citizenship@moha.gov.zm

4. The Chief Passport and Citizenship Officer

Passport and Citizenship Office

Old Bank of Zambia. 1st Floor

Cairo Road

P.O. Box 30104

LUSAKA

Zambia

Tel.: +260 211 22 12 56 / +260 211 22 87 04

Email: Passport.Citizenship@moha.gov.zm

GLOSSARY

Certification: Authentication of copies of documents by the

Commissioner of Oaths or a Magistrate.

Certificate of Registration: A certificate issued by the Citizenship office to people

who have been awarded Zambian citizenship by the

Citizenship Board of Zambia.

Certificate of Bestowal: A certificate issued by the Citizenship office to

Zambians whose citizenship has been restored by the

Citizenship Board of Zambia.

Citizen: A person who is entitled to enjoy the legal rights and

privileges granted by a state to the people comprising its Constitution and is obligated to obey its laws and

to fulfil their duties as need arises.

Deed Poll: A Legal document that is used to formalize the change

of a person's name(s).

Deponent: A parent, blood relative or legal guardian who serves

as a witness in writing by signing affidavit.

Descent: Origin or background of a person in terms of family

or nationality.

Dual Citizenship: The acquisition of the citizenship of **one** other country

in addition to Zambian Citizenship.

Gazetting: A process through which an Applicant publishes their

intention to change their name(s) through

Government Printers.

Informant: This refers to the father or mother of the child and

only if neither is able to give necessary information, is one of the following persons entitled to give notice:

- a) The occupier of the house or the person in charge of the hospital or institution where the child was born:
- b) A person present at birth; or
- c) A person now having charge of a child.

Jus Sanguinis: Citizenship determined by a parent's citizenship.

Jus Soli: Citizenship determined by the Applicant's place of

birth.

National Registration Card: Mandatory National identity document that is issued

to Zambian Citizens at the age of 16 years and above.

Registered Person: A person that is 16 years and above and the holder

of a Green NRC "Under the Provisions of Section six (6) of the National Registration Act Cap 126 of the

Laws of Zambia".

Statutory Declaration: This is an Affidavit sworn before a lawyer or

Commission of Oaths to enable the correction of

personal details on an official document.

ANNEX A: STATUS ON DUAL CITIZENSHIP PER COUNTRY

1. Countries that **Allow** Dual Citizenship

No.	COUNTRY	CONDITION
1	Albania	Albania recognizes Dual Citizenship for both native-born and naturalized citizens.
2	Algeria	Becoming an Algerian citizen requires renunciation of previous citizenship. However, there is no provision which specifically forbids Dual Citizenship if one were to become a citizen of a new country as the declaration comes into effect at the time of acquisition of Algerian nationality.
3	Argentina	Argentina allows Dual Citizenship. Citizens are recognized as exclusively Argentinian when in the country and are required to enter and leave the country on their Argentine passport if they are staying in the country for more than 90 days.
4	Armenia	Armenia allows Dual Citizenship. Citizenship is based primarily on the principle of jus sanguinis.
5	Angola	Dual or Multiple Citizenship is accepted in Angola.
6	Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda recognizes Dual Citizenship.
7	Australia	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Australia.
8	Barbados	Barbados allows and encourages Dual Citizenship.
9	Bangladesh	Bangladesh permits Dual Citizenship. Citizens will not lose their passports when taking up another nationality, except if they commit a crime or incur a criminal fine within five years of becoming a citizen.
10	Belize	Belize allows Dual Citizenship.

11	Belgium	Dual Citizenship is permitted in Belgium, where it can take five years to become a naturalized citizen.
12	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	The Plurinational State of Bolivia allows Dual Citizenship.
13	Brazil	Brazil allows Dual Citizenship, but citizens are required to enter and leave the country on their Brazilian passport.
14	Canada	Dual Citizenship is recognized – and encouraged – in Canada. However, citizens are advised to use their Canadian passport to enter the country of their second citizenship, something which the other country may not allow.
15	Cabo Verde	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Cabo Verde.
16	Chile	Dual Citizenship is allowed in Chile, where citizenship is based on the principles of jus soli and jus sanguinis.
17	Colombia	Colombia permits Dual Citizenship and dual nationals are allowed to apply for certain government positions. Citizens who have lost their citizenship may apply to have it reinstated.
18	Costa Rica	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Costa Rica, though it is one of the hardest places for one to become a naturalized citizen.
19	Côte d'Ivoire	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Côte d'Ivoire.
20	Cyprus	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Cyprus, which also has an economic citizenship programme for those who wish to become citizens.
21	Czech Republic	The Czech Republic accepts Dual Citizenship, and those who previously lost their citizenship can apply to get it back.
22	Denmark	Denmark allows Dual Citizenship.
23	Dominica	Dominica recognizes Dual Citizenship.

24	Dominican Republic	Dual Citizenship is recognized in the Dominican Republic.
25	Ecuador	Dual Nationality is permitted in Ecuador.
26	Egypt	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Egypt, but citizens must first inform the authorities of their intention to take up a second citizenship.
27	Fiji	Fiji permits Dual Citizenship.
28	Finland	Finland accepts Dual Citizenship.
29	France	Dual Citizenship is permitted in France.
30	Ghana	Ghana permits Dual Citizenship.
31	Greece	Greece allows Dual Citizenship.
32	Grenada	Dual Citizenship is allowed in Grenada.
33	Honduras	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Honduras.
34	Hungary	Dual Citizenship is permitted in Hungary.
35	Iceland	Iceland allows Dual Citizenship.
36	Iraq	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Iraq.
37	Ireland	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Ireland, which also offers citizenship to those with Irish ancestry.
38	Israel	Israel allows its citizens to hold Dual or Multiple Citizenship.
39	Italy	Dual Citizenship is allowed in Italy, which considers anyone with Italian ancestry an Italian citizen and thereby eligible to apply for an ancestral passport. Both naturalized citizens and those holding an ancestral passport are not required to relinquish other citizenships.
40	Jamaica	Jamaica allows Dual Citizenship.
41	Jordan	Jordan accepts Dual Nationality.

42	Kenya	Dual Citizenship is permitted in Kenya.
43	Lebanon	Lebanon recognizes Dual and Multiple Citizenship.
44	Latvia	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Latvia.
45	Libya	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Libya.
46	Luxembourg	Luxembourg recognizes Dual Citizenship.
47	Maldives	Dual Citizenship is recognized in the Maldives.
48	Malta	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Malta.
49	Mauritius	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Mauritius.
50	Mexico	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Mexico, but all citizens must enter and leave the country on their Mexican passport. Those with Dual Nationality may also be barred from making certain investments in the country.
51	Morocco	Morocco allows Dual Citizenship.
52	Nauru	Dual and Multiple Citizenship is allowed in Nauru.
53	New Zealand	New Zealand permits Dual or Multiple Citizenship, but such citizens could lose their New Zealand passports if they take actions that are against country's interests.
54	North Macedonia	North Macedonia allows Dual Citizenship. Such citizens are regarded exclusively as Macedonian while in the country.
55	Palau	Palau citizens are allowed to hold Dual Citizenship.
56	Panama	Dual Citizenship is technically not accepted in Panama, but the Government requires all naturalized citizens to take an oath to renounce their first citizenship – an oath that most countries, including the United States, do not recognize. Nevertheless, Panama does offer its Friendly Nations Visa, which can be easily obtained, and which grants permanent residency leading to full citizenship to those from a list of 50 countries with which it has economic and professional ties. These countries are mostly Western nations.

57	Paraguay	Paraguay is one of the world's easiest countries from which to get second citizenship.
58	Peru	Peru allows those from other Latin American countries and Spain to retain their nationality upon receiving Peruvian citizenship.
59	Philippines	Dual Citizenship is recognized in the Philippines, though it is almost impossible for foreigners to obtain citizenship.
60	Portugal	Dual Citizenship is permitted in Portugal.
61	Romania	Romania allows its citizens to hold Dual Citizenship.
62	Russian Federation	Dual Citizenship is permitted in the Russian Federation, but dual nationals are required to inform the authorities of their status.
63	Samoa	Dual Citizenship may be allowed in Samoa.
64	Serbia	Dual Citizenship is allowed in Serbia.
65	South Africa	South Africa allows Dual Citizenship, but citizens above the age of 18 who acquire a second passport must first apply to retain their South African nationality, or risk losing it.
66	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka permits Dual Citizenship.
67	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Saint Kitts and Nevis recognizes Dual Citizenship.
68	Saint Lucia	Saint Lucia allows Dual Citizenship.
69	Sudan	The Sudan recognizes Dual Citizenship. However, citizens who take up South Sudanese nationality will lose their Sudanese passport.
70	Sweden	Sweden allows Dual Citizenship for both native-born and naturalized citizens.
71	Switzerland	Switzerland permits Dual Citizenship for both native-born and naturalized citizens.

72	Syrian Arab Republic	The Syrian Arab Republic recognizes Dual Citizenship, but becoming a national is almost impossible, as it requires one to not only marry a Syrian, but also to live in the country for 10 years. It is also similarly difficult giving up Syrian citizenship.
73	Timor-Leste	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Timor-Leste.
74	Trinidad and Tobago	Trinidad and Tobago allow Dual Citizenship.
75	Tunisia	Tunisia recognizes Dual Citizenship.
76	Turkey	Dual Citizenship is accepted in Turkey, but citizens must inform the government if they choose to take up another nationality. Dual citizens are not required to enter and leave the country on their Turkish passport.
77	Tuvalu	Tuvalu recognizes Dual Citizenship.
78	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland allows Dual Citizenship. However, citizens of the British Overseas Territories may not be able to gain British citizenship if they take up another nationality.
79	United States of America	The United States of America recognizes Dual Citizenship, although it discourages it due to the problems it could cause. Citizens who serve in a foreign armed forces or work for a foreign government may lose their US citizenship.
80	Uruguay	Dual Citizenship is allowed in Uruguay, where citizenship is based on the principle of jus soli.
81	Vanuatu	Dual Citizenship is allowed in Vanuatu.
82	Zambia	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Zambia. Former citizens who lost their nationality before Dual Citizenship was permitted may apply to have it reinstated.

2. Countries that **Do Not Allow** Dual Citizenship

No.	COUNTRY	CONDITION
1	Andorra	Dual Citizenship is strictly forbidden in Andorra, where one is required to reside in the country for 20 years in order to gain citizenship. Those who lose their citizenship by acquiring another passport may get it back if they relinquish the other nationality.
2	Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan does not allow Dual Citizenship, but the President may grant it to individuals who have special importance to the country.
3	Bahamas	Bahamas does not allow Dual Citizenship. Minor citizens who obtain a second passport at birth are permitted to maintain both nationalities until the age of 21, upon which they must decide on which citizenship to retain.
4	Bahrain	Bahrain does not recognize Dual Citizenship, except for those from a few Gulf States. The country also has a history of granting citizenship to those who make large contributions to the kingdom.
5	Belarus	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Belarus.
6	Botswana	Botswana does not allow Dual Citizenship. Those who obtain a second nationality at birth are required to give up one at the age of 21.
7	Bhutan	Dual Citizenship is not accepted in Bhutan.
8	China	The nationality law states that China does not recognize Dual Nationality with any other country although the clause can be interpreted differently based on the residency of a Chinese national.
9	Cuba	Cuba does not recognize Dual Citizenship.

10	Democratic Republic of Congo	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Those who obtain another citizenship at birth are required to give it up at the age of 21 or lose their Congolese citizenship.
11	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	The Democratic People's Republic of Korea does not recognize Dual Citizenship.
12	Djibouti	Djibouti does not allow Dual Citizenship, but enforcement of this rule is weak.
13	Eswatini	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Eswatini.
14	Ethiopia	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Ethiopia.
15	Haiti	Haiti does not recognize Dual Citizenship. Children of Haitian parents who gain a foreign passport by birth are allowed to keep both citizenships until the age of 18, upon which they must choose whether to keep or lose their Haitian citizenship.
16	India	India does not recognize Dual Citizenship, and those who by naturalization gain citizenship in another country must give up their Indian passport.
17	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	The Islamic Republic of Iran technically does not allow Dual Citizenship, but in practice, dual citizens are regarded as Iranian nationals only. Minor citizens may be allowed to hold more than one passport, but they are required to inform the government if they wish to keep their non-Iranian citizenship after the age of 18.
18	Japan	Japan does not recognize Dual Citizenship and requires all minors who maintain multiple nationalities to relinquish their non-Japanese passport once they reach adulthood.
19	Kazakhstan	Dual Citizenship is not accepted in Kazakhstan.
20	Kuwait	Dual Citizenship is not allowed in Kuwait.

21	Kyrgyzstan	Kyrgyzstan does not permit Dual Citizenship, but citizens are allowed to acquire Russian citizenship.
22	Lao People's Democratic Republic	Lao People's Democratic Republic does not recognize Dual Citizenship.
23	Malaysia	Dual Citizenship is not accepted in Malaysia.
24	Marshall Islands	The Marshall Islands does not accept Dual Citizenship. Minor citizens who obtain a foreign passport at birth can keep both nationalities but will have to choose which one to keep at the age of 17.
25	Micronesia (Federated States of)	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in the Federated States of Micronesia, and all citizens who acquired a foreign nationality at birth are required to give up one of their passports within three years of their 18th birthday.
26	Monaco	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Monaco.
27	Mongolia	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Mongolia.
28	Mozambique	Mozambique does not recognize Dual Citizenship, except for minors who gain a foreign citizenship at birth. However, such individuals will have to renounce one of their two nationalities at the age of 18.
29	Myanmar	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Myanmar. Naturalization is also difficult, as one would have to prove they have familial ties to the country.
30	Nepal	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Nepal.
31	Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea does not recognize Dual Citizenship, and minor citizens who acquire another nationality at birth are required to choose which citizenship to retain at the age of 19.
32	Qatar	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Qatar.

33	San Marino	San Marino does not recognize Dual Citizenship, and naturalized citizens are required to maintain continued residence in the country for at least 30 years.
34	Saudi Arabia	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Saudi Arabia, but female citizens who marry foreign nationals are allowed to keep their Saudi citizenship.
35	Singapore	Singapore does not permit Dual Citizenship, and those who intentionally take up citizenship in another country may lose their Singapore passports.
36	Slovakia	Slovakia allows Dual Citizenship on a limited basis, including for those who become Slovakian citizens at birth or through marriage, but it is generally not approved after a 2010 amendment that limited dual nationality.
37	Solomon Islands	The Solomon Islands recognizes Dual Citizenship only on a limited basis. However, in general, naturalized citizens are required to relinquish all other nationalities within six months of becoming a citizen. Minor citizens who obtain a second passport by birth have until the age of 18 to choose which citizenship to keep.
38	Tajikistan	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Tajikistan.
39	Thailand	Thailand does not accept Dual Citizenship. Minor citizens who gain a second passport at birth are allowed to maintain both nationalities but must relinquish one by the age of 18. Female citizens who take up the nationality of their foreign spouse will lose their Thai citizenship, but they may regain it if their marriage ends in death or divorce.
40	Tonga	Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Tonga but one can apply to get it back again.
41	Turkmenistan	Turkmenistan technically does not allow Dual Citizenship.
42	Ukraine	Dual Citizenship is not allowed in Ukraine, and those who obtain Ukrainian citizenship are required to relinquish all other nationalities within two years.

43	Uzbekistan	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Uzbekistan.
44	United Arab Emirates	The United Arab Emirates does not permit Dual Citizenship, except for those who acquire another citizenship at birth. Such citizens must enter and leave the country on their Emirati passport.
45	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	The Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela does not allow Dual Citizenship. Those who become citizens of another country at birth may keep both passports until the age of 25, upon which they must lose their foreign nationality or they will lose Venezuelan citizenship.
46	Viet Nam	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Viet Nam.
47	Yemen	Dual Citizenship is not allowed in Yemen.
48	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe does not recognize Dual Citizenship.

3. Countries that **Allow** Dual Citizenship **under Limited Circumstances**

No.	COUNTRY	CONDITION
1	Afghanistan	Afghanistan recognizes Dual Citizenship only for those who had taken up new citizenship after fleeing the country because of political instability. Also, citizens who marry a foreign national do not have to give up their Afghan citizenship unless required by their spouse's country.
2	Austria	Austria does not permit Dual Citizenship, except for those who acquire two citizenships at birth, and those who are unable by law to give up their citizenship at home.
3	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Bosnia and Herzegovina technically permits Dual Citizenship, but its laws limits Dual Citizenship only to countries with which it has a bilateral agreement.
4	Bulgaria	Bulgaria permits Dual Citizenship only for native-born citizens, and those who previously gave up their citizenship are allowed to get it reinstated.
5	Croatia	Croatia recognizes Dual Citizenship for all ethnic Croatians who become citizens by birth or descent.
6	El Salvador	El Salvador recognizes Dual Citizenship for those who acquire Salvadoran citizenship at birth. Naturalized citizens, however, are required to renounce all other nationalities.
7	Eritrea	Eritrea does not accept Dual Citizenship, but special arrangements can be made for native-born citizens who gain a foreign citizenship and wish to keep it.
8	Estonia	Estonia technically does not recognize Dual Citizenship, but its law also states that the citizenship of those who are citizens at birth is inalienable and cannot be taken away without consent.
9	Georgia	Dual Citizenship is recognized in Georgia, but only if the President finds an individual to be of national interest, and grants it to him.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Dual Citizenship is permitted in Germany, but only under the following circumstances:	
		 a) Only for EU countries or Switzerland; b) Non-EU- and non-Swiss citizens must usually renounce their old citizenship if they want to become German citizens; and c) If a German citizen acquires a non-EU or non-Swiss citizenship with the permission ("Beibehaltungsgenehmigung") of the German Government (e.g. existing relative ties or property in Germany or in the other country or if the occupation abroad requires domestic citizenship for execution). 	
11	Guatemala	Dual Citizenship is not recognized in Guatemala, but the country has Dual Citizenship agreements with some Central and South American countries.	
12	Guyana	Guyana accepts Dual Citizenship only for those who gain foreign citizenship through marriage.	
13	Liechtenstein	Liechtenstein allows Dual Citizenship for those who are citizens by descent. Naturalized citizens, however, are required to give up all other nationalities.	
14	Lithuania	Lithuania accepts Dual Citizenship under limited circumstances, such as minor citizens who are dual nationals at birth.	
15	Montenegro	Montenegro currently allows Dual Citizenship only with countries with which it has a bilateral agreement. Presently, North Macedonia is the only country to have signed an agreement.	
16	Namibia	Namibia technically does not permit Dual Citizenship, but its law also states that those who become citizens by birth or descent cannot have their citizenship taken away	

		without consent. However, naturalized citizens must give up all other nationalities.	
basis, including for those who ga birth, and for naturalized citiz exemption from the requirement nationalities. Dual Citizenship is per		The Netherlands accepts Dual Citizenship on a limited basis, including for those who gain foreign citizenship at birth, and for naturalized citizens who receive an exemption from the requirement to relinquish all other nationalities. Dual Citizenship is permitted on a limited basis and is allowed in the following limited circumstances:	
		a) Those who obtained Dual Citizenship at birth;b) Those who acquire Dutch citizenship through the	
		option procedure; c) Those who acquire Dutch citizenship through naturalization who obtain an exemption from the requirement to renounce the prior citizenship; and d) Dutch citizens to naturalize in another country who are exempt from the loss of nationality rule.	
18	Nicaragua	Nicaragua does not accept Dual Citizenship, except for individuals from Central American countries and nations with which it has Dual Citizenship agreements.	
19	Nigeria	Dual Citizenship is recognized only for Nigerian citizens by descent.	
20	Norway	Norway does not permit Dual Citizenship, except for those who receive two nationalities from each parent at birth, those who receive citizenship in another country without applying for it, such as through marriage, and those who cannot be released from their other citizenship.	
21	Pakistan	Pakistan allows citizens to hold citizenship from just 16 countries, including Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Iceland, New Zealand, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States.	
22	Poland	While Dual Citizenship is not permitted in Poland, the country does tolerate the possession of multiple nationalities, and will consider dual nationals as Polish only.	

However, such citizens will face penalties for exercising their foreign citizenship, which includes identifying themselves as a foreign national to Polish authorities.

23 Republic of Korea

The Republic of Korea recognizes Dual Citizenship, but only for those who received their second nationality at birth and had before the age of 22 declared their intention to remain nationals of the Republic of Korea. The Republic of Korea does not permit adults to acquire other citizenships.

However, foreigners who become citizens of the Republic of Korea, under its immigrant investor programme can keep their birth citizenship. Also, expats who have lived in the country for five years, or two years, if married to a national of the Republic of Korea, are allowed to maintain Dual Nationality.

24 Republic of Moldova

Dual Citizenship is permitted in the Republic of Moldova under the following conditions:

- a) children who acquired automatically at birth the citizenship of the Republic of Moldova and the citizenship of another State;
- a) its citizens who possess simultaneously the citizenship of another State when the other citizenship is automatically acquired by marriage;
- b) children, citizens of the Republic of Moldova, who acquired the citizenship of another State by adoption;
- c) if this results from provisions of the international agreement to which the Republic of Moldova is a Party;
- d) if the renunciation or loss of the citizenship of another State is not possible or cannot reasonably be requested, in other cases stipulated by the present Law.

25 Seychelles

Seychelles allows Dual Citizenship for native-born citizens who gain foreign citizenship by working abroad or marrying a foreign national.

26	Slovenia	Slovenia generally allows Dual Citizenship for native Slovenians who obtain a second passport. However, those who become citizens by naturalization may be required to give up their other nationalities.
27	Spain	Dual Citizenship is permitted in Spain, but citizens who acquire a second nationality are required to inform the government of their intention to remain a Spanish national within three years. Natural citizens of Iberoamerican countries, Andorra, the Philippines, Equatorial Guinea and Portugal are exempted from this requirement. Naturalized citizens, however, are required to renounce all other nationalities, unless they are natural-born citizens of an Iberoamerican country, Andorra, the Philippines, Equatorial Guinea or Portugal.
28	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines allows Dual Citizenship for those who gain citizenship of another country by birth, those who are born in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines to foreign parents, citizens who marry foreign nationals, and naturalized citizens.
29	United Republic of Tanzania	The United Republic of Tanzania does not recognize Dual Citizenship, except for women who gain a second citizenship through marriage.

 $\textit{Disclaimer:}\$ Some of the countries listed may have reviewed/amended their legislation regarding Dual Citizenship. _1

¹ Far Horizon Capital. (2016, February 12). What is Dual Citizenship and Why is it Valuable? Retrieved from flagtheory.com: https://flagtheory.com/dual-citizenship/

ANNEX B: ZAMBIAN MISSIONS ABROAD WITH COUNTRIES AND ORGANIZATIONS OF EXTRA ACCREDITATION

1. Africa and the Middle East

No.	COUNTRY	CITY	COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES AND ORGANIZATIONS OF EXTRA ACCREDITATION
1.	Nigeria	Abuja	Chad, Mauritania, Benin, Burkina Faso, Mali, the Niger, Senegal, Economic Community for West African States (ECOWAS)
2.	Ghana	Accra	The Gambia, Togo, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Côte d'Ivoire, Liberia
3.	Ethiopia	Addis Ababa	Djibouti, Somalia, the Sudan, African Union, United Nations Commission for Africa (UNECA)
4.	Egypt	Cairo	Islamic Republic of Iran, Lebanon, Iraq, Tunisia, Algeria, Libya, Economic Community of Sahara and Sahel States (CEN-SAD), the Syrian Arab Republic, Palestinian Territories
5.	United Republic of Tanzania	Dar es Salaam	Burundi, Comoros, Rwanda, Uganda, International Conference on the Great

			Lakes Region (ICGLR), East African
			Community (EAC)
6.	United Arab Emirates	Dubai	Nil
		(Consulate)	
7.	Botswana	Gaborone	Southern Africa Development Community
			(SADC)
8.	Zimbabwe	Harare	Nil
9.	Democratic Republic	Kinshasa	Central African Republic,
	of the Congo		Cameroon, the Congo, Equatorial Guinea,
			Gabon
		Lubumbashi	Nil
		(Consulate)	
10.	Malawi	Lilongwe	Nil
11.	Angola	Luanda	Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Sao Tome and
			Principe
		Luena	Nil
		(Consulate)	
12.	Mozambique	Maputo	Eswatini, Mauritius
13.	Kenya	Nairobi	Eritrea, Seychelles, South Sudan
14.	South Africa	Pretoria	Lesotho, Madagascar

15.	Morocco	Rabat	Nil
16.	Saudi Arabia	Riyadh	Yemen, Bahrain, Qatar, Kuwait, Oman
17.	Israel	Tel Aviv	Nil
18.	Namibia	Windhoek	Nil

2. Americas and the Caribbean

No.	COUNTRY	CITY	COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES AND ORGANIZATIONS OF EXTRA ACCREDITATION
1.	Brazil	Brasilia	Argentina, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Colombia, Ecuador, Chile, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Suriname, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
2.	Canada	Ottawa	Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Grenada, Jamaica, Saint Lucia, Trinidad and Tobago, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
3.	United States of America	Washington D.C.	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama
		New York	United Nations (UN)

3. Asia and the Pacific

No.	COUNTRY	CITY	COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES AND ORGANIZATIONS OF EXTRA ACCREDITATION
1.	China	Beijing	Afghanistan, Mongolia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Pakistan
		Guangzhou (Consulate)	Nil
2.	Australia	Canberra	New Zealand
3.	Malaysia	Kuala Lumpur	Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, the Philippines, Thailand, Viet Nam
4.	India	New Delhi	Bangladesh, Maldives, Myanmar, Singapore, Sri Lanka
5.	Republic of Korea	Seoul	Nil
6.	Japan	Tokyo	Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands

4. Europe

No.	COUNTRY	CITY	COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES AND ORGANIZATIONS OF EXTRA ACCREDITATION
1.	Turkey	Ankara	Georgia, North Macedonia, Jordan
2.	Germany	Berlin	Austria, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Slovenia, Slovakia
3.	Belgium	Brussels	Luxembourg, the Netherlands, European Union (EU), Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW), World Customs Union (WCO)
4.	Switzerland	Geneva	United Nations Systems in Geneva and Vienna, World Trade Organization (WTO), WIPO, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)
5.	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	London	Commonwealth, Ireland, Holy See
6.	Russian Federation	Moscow	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Republic of Moldova, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan

7.	France	Paris	Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Spain, UNESCO
8.	Italy	Rome	Albania, Croatia, Cyprus, Greece, Malta, Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), International Fund for Agriculture Development (IFAD), World Food Programme (WFP)
9.	Sweden	Stockholm	Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Iceland, Latvia, Lithuania, Norway

ANNEX C: LIST OF PROVINCES AND DISTRICTS

Name of Province	Districts
Central	Chibombo
Central	Chisamba
Central	Chitambo
Central	Itezhi-Tezhi
Central	Kabwe
Central	Kapiri Mposhi
Central	Luano
Central	Mkushi
Central	Mumbwa
Central	Ngabwe
Central	Serenje
Central	Shibuyunji
Copperbelt	Chililabombwe
Copperbelt	Chingola
Copperbelt	Kalulushi
Copperbelt	Kitwe
Copperbelt	Luanshya
Copperbelt	Lufwanyama
Copperbelt	Masaiti
Copperbelt	Mpongwe
Copperbelt	Mufulira
Copperbelt	Ndola
Eastern	Chadiza
Eastern	Chipata
Eastern	Katete
Eastern	Lundazi

Eastern	Mambwe
Eastern	Nyimba
Eastern	Petauke
Eastern	Sinda
Eastern	Vubwi
Eastern	Chasefu
Eastern	Chipangali
Eastern	Kasenengwa
Eastern	Lumezi
Eastern	Lusangazi
Luapula	Chembe
Luapula	Chienge
Luapula	Chipili
Luapula	Kawambwa
Luapula	Lunga
Luapula	Mansa
Luapula	Milenge
Luapula	Mwansabombwe
Luapula	Mwense
Luapula	Nchelenge
Luapula	Samfya
Luapula	Chifunabuli
Lusaka	Chilanga
Lusaka	Chirundu
Lusaka	Chongwe
Lusaka	Kafue
Lusaka	Luangwa
Lusaka	Lusaka

Lusaka	Rufunsa
Muchinga	Chama
Muchinga	Chinsali
Muchinga	Isoka
Muchinga	Mafinga
Muchinga	Mpika
Muchinga	Nakonde
Muchinga	Shiwan'gandu
Muchinga	Kanchibiya
Muchinga	Lavushimanda
Northern	Chilubi
Northern	Kaputa
Northern	Kasama
Northern	Luwingu
Northern	Mbala
Northern	Mporokoso
Northern	Mpulungu
Northern	Mungwi
Northern	Nsama
Northern	Senga Hill
Northern	Lunte
Northern	Lupososhi
North-Western	Chavuma
North-Western	Ikelenge
North-Western	Kabompo
North-Western	Kasempa
North-Western	Manyinga
North-Western	Mufumbwe

North-Western	Mwinilunga
North-Western	Solwezi
North-Western	Zambezi
North-Western	Kalumbila
North-Western	Mushindamo
Southern	Chikankata
Southern	Choma
Southern	Gwembe
Southern	Kalomo
Southern	Kazungula
Southern	Livingstone
Southern	Mazabuka
Southern	Monze
Southern	Namwala
Southern	Pemba
Southern	Siavonga
Southern	Sinazongwe
Southern	Zimba
Western	Kalabo
Western	Kaoma
Western	Limulunga
Western	Luampa
Western	Lukulu
Western	Mitete
Western	Mongu
Western	Mulobezi
Western	Mwandi
Western	Nalolo

Western	Nkeyema
Western	Senanga
Western	Sesheke
Western	Shangombo
Western	Sikongo
Western	Sioma

ANNEX D: LIST OF CHIEFS IN ZAMBIA

1. Central Province

1.	Chibombo District	Chief Chitanda
		Chieftainess Mungule
		Chief Liteta
2.	Chisamba District	Chief Chamuka
3.	Kapiri Mposhi District	Snr Chief Chipepo Mukuni Ng'ombe
		Chief Mukonchi
		Chief Nkole
4.	Ngabwe District	Chief Ngabwe
		Chief Mukubwe
5.	Mkushi District	Chief Chitina
		Chief Shaibila
		Chief Mulungwe
6.	Luano District	Chief Mboroma (Snr)
		Chief Chembe
		Chief Chikupili
		Chief Kanyesha
		Chief Kaundula
		Chief Mboshya
7.	Mumbwa District	Chief Chibuluma
		Chieftainess Kabulwebulwe
		Chief Kaindu
		Chief Moono

		Chief Mulendema
		Chief Mumba
8.	Shibuyunji/Mumbwa District	Chief Shakumbila (Snr)
9.	Serenje District	Chief Muchinda (Snr)
		Chief Kabamba
		Chief Chisomo
		Chief Mailo
		Chieftainess Serenje
		Chief Chibale
10.	Chitambo District	Chief Chitambo
		Chief Muchinka
11.	Itezhi Tezhi District	Chieftainess Muwezwa
		Chief Chilyabufu
		Chief Musungwa
		Chief Shezongo
		Chief Shimbizhi
		Chief Kaingu

2. Copperbelt Province

1.	Lufwanyama District	Chief Funguluwe
		Chief Lumpuma
		Chief Mukutuma
		Chief Nkana
		Chief Shibuchinga
		Chief Shimukunami
2.	Masaiti District	Chief Chiwala (Snr)
		Chief Mushili (Snr)
		Chief Nkambo
3.	Mpongwe District	Chief Ndubeni (Snr)
		Chief Kalunkumya
		Chieftainess Lesa
		Chief Machiya
		Chieftainess Malembeka
		Chief Mwinuna

3. Eastern Province

1.	Chadiza District	Chief Zingalume
		Chief Mlolo
		Chief Mwangala
2.	Chipata District	Chief Mpezeni (Paramount)
		Chief Chinyanku
		Chief Maguya
		Chief Sayiri

3.	Mambwe District	Snr Chief Nsefu
		Chief Jumbe
		Chief Kakurnbi
		Chief Malama
		Chief Msoro
		Chief Mkanya
4.	Katete District	Chief Kathumba
		Chief Kawaza
		Chief Mbangombe
		Kalonga Gawa Undi (Paramount)
5.	Lundazi District	Chief Kapichila
		Snr Chief Mwasenthembwe
		Chief Mphamba
6.	Nyimba District	Chief Luembe (Snr)
		Chieftainess Mwape
		Chief Nyalugwe
		Chief Ndake
7.	Petauke District	Chief Kalindawalo (Snr)
		Chief Mwanjawanthu
		Chief Nyampande
		Chief Mumbi
8.	Lusangazi District	Chief Sandwe
9.	Sinda District	Chieftainess Nyanje
10.	Chipangali District	Chief Kapatamoyo
		Chief Mnukwa
		Chief Mshawa
	l .	

		Chief Chanje
		Chief Mafuta
		Chief Chinunda
		Chieftainess Mkanda
11.	Kasenengwa District	Chief Chikuwe
		Chief Mishoro
		Chief Madzimawe
		Chief Nzamani
12.	Vubwi District	Chief Pembamoyo
13.	Lumezi District	Chief Kazembe
		Chieftainess Mwanya
		Chieftainess Mwase Mphangwe
		Chief Chikomeni
		Chief Zumwanda
		Chief Chitungulu
14.	Chasefu District	Chief Phikamalaza
		Snr. Chief Magodi

4. Luapula Province

1.	Kawambwa District	Chief Mushota (Snr)
		Chief Chama
		Chief Munkata
2.	Mansa District	Chief Chimese
		Chief Chisunka
		Chief Kalaba
		Chief Kalasa Lukangaba

		Chief Mabumba	
		Chief Matanda	
		Chief Mibenge	
3.	Milenge District	Chief Sokontwe	
		Senior Chief Milambo	
4.	Mwense District	Chief Katuta Kampemba	
		Chief Lubunda	
		Chieftainess Lukwesa	
		Chief Mulundu	
		Chief Kashiba	
5.	Chiengi District	Chief Mununga (Snr)	
		Chief Puta (Snr)	
		Chieftainess Lambwe Chomba	
6.	Nchelenge District	Chief Kambwali	
		Chieftainess Kanyembo	
		Chief Nshimba	
7.	Samfya District	Chief Kalasa Mukoso (Snr)	
		Chief Kasoma Bangweulu	
		Chief Mulakwa	
8.	Chifunabuli District	Snr Chief Mwewa	
		Chief Mwansakombe	
		Chief Mulongwe	
		Chief MbUIU	
		Chief Chitembo	
9.	Lunga District	Snr. Chief Kalimankonde	
		Chief Bwalya Mponda	

		Chief Nsamba
		Chief Kasomalunga
10.	Chembe District	Chief Kasomalwela
11.	Chipili District	Chief Mutipula
		Chieftainess Mwenda
12.	Mwansabombwe	Snr. Chief Mwata Kazembe
	District	

5. Lusaka Province

1.	Luangwa District	Chief Mburuma (Snr)	
		Chief Mpuka	
2.	Rufunsa District	Chieftainess Shikabeta	
		Chieftainess Mpanshya	
		Chief Bunda Bunda	
3.	Chongwe District	Chieftainess Nkomeshya Mukamambo II (Snr)	
4.	Kafue District	Chieftainess-Chiyaba	
5.	Chirundu District	Chief Sikoongo	
		Chief Chipepo	

6. Muchinga Province

1.	Chinsali District	Chief Nkula (Snr)
		Chief Mubanga
		Chief Nkweto
		Chief Chewe
		Chief Chimbuka
2.	Shiwang'andu	Chief Chibesakunda

		Chief Kabanda	
		Chief Mukwikile	
3.	Mpika District	Chief Chikwanda	
		Chief Kabinga	
		Chief Mukungule	
		Chief Nabwalya	
4.	Mafinga District	Chief Muyombe	
		Chief Mwenewisi	
		Chief Mwenechifungwe	
5.	Isoka District	Chief Katyetye	
		Chief Kafwimbi	
6.	Nakonde District	Chieftainess Waitwika	
7.	Chama District	Oistrict Chief Kambombo (Snr)	
		Chief Chibale	
		Chief Chifunda	
		Chief Chikwa	
		Chief Tembwe	
		Chief Lundu	
		Chief Mulilo	
8.	Lavushimanda District	Chief Chiundaponde	
		Chief Mpumba	
9.	Kanchibiya District Snr. Chief Kopa		
		Chief Luchembe	
		Chief Mpepo	
		Chief Kabinga	

7. Northern Province

1.	Kaputa District	Chief Kaputa	
		Chief Mukupa Katandula	
2.	Luwingu District	Chief Shimumbi (Snr)	
		Chief Tungati	
		Chief Chipalo	
3.	Luposohi District	Chieftainess Chungu (Snr)	
		Chief Chabula	
		Chief Katuta	
4.	Chilubi Island District	Chief Chiwanangala	
		Chief Matipa	
5.	Mbala District	Chief Fwambo	
		Chief Mpande	
		Chief Mwamba	
		Snr Chief Nsokolo	
6.	Senga Hill District	Chief Nondo	
7.	Mpulungu District	Chief Tafuna (Snr)	
		Chief Chinakila	
		Chief Chitimbwa	
8.	Mungwi District	Chief Chitimukulu (Paramount)	
		Chief Chimbola	
		Chief Makasa	
9.	Kasama District	Chief Nkolemfumu	
		Snr Chief Mwamba	
		Chief Munkonge	

10.	Mporokoso District	Chief Mumpolokoso	
11.	Lunte District	Chief Chitoshi	
		Chief Mukupa Kaoma	
		Chief Shibwalya Kapila	
12.	Nsama District	Chief Nsama (Snr)	

8. North-Western Province

1.	Kabompo District	Chief Kalunga	
		Chief Chiyengele	
2.	Manyinga/Kabompo	Chief Sikufele (Snr)	
	District		
3.	Kasempa District	Chief Kasempa (Snr)	
		Chief Ingwe	
4.	Mufumbwe District	Chief Mushima	
		Chief Chizera	
5.	. Mwinilunga District Chief Kanongesha (Snr)		
		Chief Chibwika	
		Chief Kakoma Chief Kanyama	
		Chief Ntambu	
6.	Solwezi District	Chief Kapijimpanga	
7.	Kalumbiila District	Chief Musele (Snr)	
		Chief Mukumbi (Snr)	
		Chief Mumena	
		Chief Matebo	
8.	Mushindamo District	Chief Kalilele (Snr)	

		Chief Mujimanzovu (Snr)
		Chief Mulonga
		Chief Musaka
		Chief Chikola
9.	Ikelengi District	Chief Saliunga (Snr)
		Chieftainess Ikelenge
		Chief Nyakaseya
		Chief Mwininyilamba
10.	Zambezi District	Chief Ishindi(Snr)
		Chief Ndungu (Snr)
		Chief Chinyama Litapi
		Chief Ishima
		Chief Kucheka
		Chief Mpidi
		Chieftainess Nyakuleng'a

9. Southern Province

1.	Choma District	Chief Macha	
		Chief Mapanza	
		Chief Cooma	
2.	Pemba District	Chief Hamaundu	
		Chief Moyo	
3.	Gwembe Valley	Chief Munyumbwe	
	District		
4.	Kalomo District	Chief Chikanta	
		Chief Siachitema	

		Chief Sipatunyana	
5.	Kazungula District	Chief Sekute	
		Chief Mukuni	
		Chief Musokotwane Chief Nyawa	
		Chief Moomba	
6.	Mazabuka District	Chief Mwanachingwala	
		Chief Hanjalika	
7.	Monze District	Chief Ufwenuka	
		Chief Chona	
		Chieftainess Choongo	
		Chief Monze Chief Mwanza	
		Chief Hamusonde	
8.	Namwala District	nmwala District Chief Mukobela	
		Chief Muchila	
		Chief Mungaila	
		Chief Nalubamba	
9.	. Siavonga District Chief Sinadambwe		
		Chief Simamba	
10.	Sinazongwe District	Chief Mweemba (Snr)	
		Chief Sinazongwe	
11.	Zimba District	Chief Simwatachela	

10. Western Province

1.	Mongu District	The Litunga (Paramount)
		Chief Chiengele
		Chief Kandala
2.	Kalabo District	Chieftainess Mulena Mukwae Mboanjikana
3.	Kaoma District	Chief Amukena (Snr)
4.	Nkeyema District	Chief Kahare
5.	Lukulu District	Chief Imwiko
6.	Nalolo District	Chieftainess Litunga-La-Mboela (Snr)
7.	Sesheke District	Chief Inyambo Yeta (Snr)
8.	Sioma District	Chief Lukama

ANNEX E: DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REGISTRATION, PASSPORT AND CITIZENSHIP - REQUIRED APPLICATION FORMS

- 1. Form II Application for National Registration
- 2. Form III Application for Replacement of National Registration Card
- 3. Form IV Notice of Acquisition of Dual Citizenship
- 4. Form V Notification of Change of National Status (NRC)
- 5. Form VI Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of Another Country
- 6. Form VII Application for Bestowal of Citizenship
- 7. Form VIII Notice of Birth
- 8. Form IX Affidavit of Birth by Independent Witness
- 9. Form XIII Notice of Death
- 10. Form A Passport Application
- 11. Form B Passport Application
- 12. Form L Lost Passport Description Slip
- 13. Form M Affidavit / Affirmation
- 14. Form N Affidavit of Birth
- 15. Affidavit of Non-Impediment to Marriage
- 16. General Affidavit
- 17. Application for A Zambian Passport Barcoded Form

1. Form II. Application for National Registration

Form II (Regulations 4, 5 and 11)



REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA

The National Registration Act (Laws, Volume 9, Cap. 126)

The National Registration Regulations, 2019

APPLICATION FOR NATIONAL REGISTRATION									
	se complete in CK LETTERS	(To be completed by parent, other relative or legal guardian)							
Info	mation Required	Information provided							
		PART A							
		DETAILS OF APPLICANT							
1.	Applicants' Full Name	28:							
	Surname:		-						
	Given Names:								
2.	Date of Birth	d d m m y y y							
	Sex:	Male Female							
3.	Place of Birth:								
	Town:								
	Village:								
	Chief:								
	District:								
	Country:								
4.	Birth Certificate No.:								
5.	Schools Attended:								
	Primary:	District:							
	Secondary:	District:							
			_						
	Post-Secondary:	District/Country:							
6.	Usual place of								
	residence:								
7.	Mobile Phone No.(s):								
8.	National Status:								
9.	Other Nationality								
	(specify):								
10.	Special Mark:								
		PART B DETAILS OF PARENTS							
1.	Details of Father:								
	Surname:								
	Given Names:								
2.	National Registration								
	Number:								
3.	Nationality:								

4.	Other Nationality		
٦.	(specify):		
5.	Place of Origin:		\vdash
Э.			
	Town:		-
	Village:		1
	Chief:		
	District:		
	Country:		1
6.	Tribe		
7.	Mobile Phone No.(s):		
٠.	Moone Phone No.(s).		\vdash
	Details of Mother:		
-	Surname:		
1.			
2.	Given Names:		
3.	Maiden Surname:		
4.	National Registration		
	Number:		
5.	Nationality:		
6.	Place of Origin:		
	Town:		
	Village:		
	Chief:		\vdash
	District:		
	Country:		
7.	Tribe:		
8.	Mobile Phone No.(s):		
		PART C	
		DETAILS OF DEPONENT	
1.	Surname:		
2.	Given Names:		
3.	National Registration		
٥.	Number:		
4.	Nationality:		
5.			
э.	Other Nationality		
_	(specify):		
6.	Age:		
7.	Relationship to		
	Applicant:		
8.	Usual place of		
	residence:		
9.	Mobile Phone No.(s):		
	DECLARATION		
	DECEARATION		
	T la la la 41	- information annuited about in terms around and annual to the	
	-	he information provided above is true, correct and complete to the	
	_	I understand that any incorrect, misleading or untrue information	
	or willful withholding o	of any relevant information is an offence.	
		Signature Date	
		Date	
FOR	OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
FUR	OFFICIAL USE ONLI		
4.00			
APP	ROVED/NOT APPROVE		,
		OFFICIAL	
Regi	strars' Full Names:	STAMP	
			J
Sign	ature:		

2. Form III. Application for Replacement of National Registration Card

Form III (<u>Regulations</u> 9 and 12)



REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA

The National Registration Act (Laws, Volume 9, Cap. 126)

The National Registration Regulations, 2019

	APPLICATION FOR REPLACEMENT OF NATIONAL REGISTRATION CARD									
Please complete in BLOCK LETTERS REASONS FOR REPLACEMENT (Tick where applicable*) A. Original Card lost/destroyed/damaged: B. Change of Names/Change of Material Particulars/ Change of Residence for non-Zambians										
Info	rmation Required	Information Provided	V							
		PART A DETAILS OF APPLICANT tted if applying for replacement of lost/destroyed/damaged)								
1.	Applicants' Full Nam	es:								
	Surname:									
	Given Names:									
2.	Date of Birth	d d m m y y y y								
	Sex:	Male Female								
3.	Place of Birth:									
	Town:									
	Village:									
	Chief:									
	District:									
	Country:									
4.	National Registration									
	Number:									
5.	Schools Attended:	The state of the s								
	Primary:	District:								
	Cooon down	District								
	Secondary:	District:								
	Post-Secondary:	District/Country								
	rost-secondary.	District/ Country	-							
6.	Usual place of		т							
	Residence:									
			1							
7.	Mobile Phone No.(s):									
8.	National Status:									
9.	Other Nationality									
	(specify):									

10.	Special Mark:								
	PART B								
		DETAILS OF APPLICANT							
	(To be comple	ted if applying for change of name or Material Particul	ars*/						
	Change	of Residence for non-Zambians in additional to Part A)							
		I hereby apply now to be registered as:							
1.	Applicants' Full Nam	es:							
	Surname:								
	Given Names:								
2.	Date of Birth:	d d m m y y y y							
	Sex:	Male Female							
3.	Place of Birth:								
	Town:								
	Village:								
	Chief:								
	District:								
	Country:								
4.	National Registration								
	Number:								
5.	Schools Attended:								
	Primary:	District:							
	Secondary:	District:							
	Post-Secondary:	District/Country							
6.	Usual place of								
	residence								
7.	Mobile Phone No.(s):								
8.	National Status:								
9.	Other Nationality								
	(specify):								
10.	Special Mark:								
	DECLARATION								
	I	declare that the information provided	l above is true,						
	correct and complete	to the best of my knowledge. I understand that	any incorrect.						
		nformation or willful with-holding of any relevant info							
	offence.								
	offerice.								
		Signature Da	ite						
FOR	OFFICIAL USE ONLY								
ADD	POWED /NOT ADDROVE								
APP.	APPROVED/NOT APPROVED OFFICIAL								
Posi-	etrare' Full Mamon		STAMP						
regi	suars run Names								
Sign	ature:								
Digii	Signature:								

3. Form IV. Notice of Acquisition of Dual Citizenship

Form IV (Regulation 15)



The National Registration Act (Laws, Volume 9, Cap. 126)

The National Registration Regulations, 2019

NOTIFICATION OF ACQUISITION OF DUAL CITIZENSHIP

PART I:
I, the undersigned
PART II:
Declaration I hereby declare that the information provided above is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that any incorrect, misleading or untrue information or willful withholding of any relevant information is an offence. Dated this
Dated this
PART III
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
RECEIVED BY:
Registrars' Name(Full Names)
Signature

4. Form V. Notification of Change of National Status

Form V (<u>Regulation</u> 11)



The National Registration Act (Laws, Volume 9, Cap. 126)

The National Registration Regulations, 2019 NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE OF NATIONAL STATUS

PARTI	
I, the undersigned	
(Name in BLOCK CAPITALS), holder of a National Identity No	issued
to me on, 20 at	do hereby state
that I have changed my declared National Status from	to
and do hereby attach my	*Certificate of Registration,
Passport in proof thereof, and I do hereby surrender my National	l Registration Card and make
application for a new National Registration Card in the appropriat	e form.
Dated this day of	20
*Delete whichever is inapplicable.	
Signature	
PART II	
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
1. Certificate of Registration Number	
2. Date and place of issue	
3. Passport Number	
4. Date and place of issue	
5. New National Registration Card Number	
6. Previous National Registration Card Number	
Signature of Registrar	OFFICIAL STAMP
National Registration Office	

5. Form VI. Notice of Acquisition of Citizenship of Another Country

Form VI (Regulation 9)



---,

The Citizenship of Zambia Act, 2016 (Act No. 33 of 2016)

The Citizenship of Zambia Regulations, 2017

NOTICE OF ACQUISITION OF CITIZENSHIP OF ANOTHER COUNTRY

To: The Board

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I,	(name
of	(present address)
acquired the citizenship of	(name of country
on the	per the attached
Dated theday of	20
	•••
Signature of informant	

6. Form VII. Application for Bestowal of Citizenship

Form VII (Regulation 10(1)



Republic of Zambia

The Citizenship of Zambia Act, 2016 (Act No. 33 of 2016)

The Citizenship of Zambia Regulations, 2017

APPLICATION FOR BESTOWAL OF CITIZENSHIP

PART I - PARTICULARS OF APPLICANT

1.	Full na	me of applicant:							
2.	Date of birth:								
3.	Place and country of birth:								
4.	Current nationality:								
5.	Birth c	ertificate number:							
	(a)	Date of issue:							
	(b)	Place of issue:							
6.	Passpo	rt number:							
	(a)	Date of issue:							
	(b)	Place of issue:							
7.	Date of	loss of citizenship:							
8.	Reason	s for loss of citizenship:							
9.	Docum	ents held at that time:							
10.	Occupa	ation or profession:							
11.	Details	of employer (if employed):							
12.	Compa	ny or business name details (if self-employed):							
13.	Postal a	address:							
14.	Reside	ntial address:							
15.	Countr	y of residence:							
16.	Nationa	ality and full names of spouse (where applicable)							
17.	Numbe	r of children (where applicable):							
18.	Place a	nd date of parents' birth (where available)							
19.	Nationa	ality of parents:							
	(a) Fat	ther:							
	(b) Mo	ther:							

20. Educational profile/Background

			DATES
SCH	HOOLS ATTENDED	FROM	TO
Primary			
Secondary			
Post Secondary			

PART II - DECLARATION

I,do solemnly and sincerely declare that the best of my knowledge and belief the particulars stated in the application are tru
Signature of applicant
Declared atthis day of20
Commissioner for Oaths

7. Form VIII. Notice of Birth Application



Form VIII(2016 Rev.) (Rules 16, 17, 18 and 23) (To be completed in duplicate) (Stocked by DNRPC)

WARNING: In terms of section 9 of the Births and Deaths Registration Act, Cap. 51; any person who is obliged to make a registration and refuses or neglects to state any particular required on this form or gives any false information for the purpose of registration commits an offence and may, on conviction, be fined or imprisoned, or fined and imprisoned.

Please complete in block letters			Shaded fields for official use only										Serial No.: District:												
Information Required			Information Provided										Date and Time:												
1.	DETAILS OF BIRTH			E C				Т	I	D	1/	М	M		Y	Y	Y	Y							
	Place of Birth:			lth F				T	+			_	_	_		Но	me	: ['							
		(Othe	er (s	peci	fy):			T							Se	x:	M						F	
	Health Facility Name: (if bor			alth	faci	lity))																		
	Home Address: (if born at ho	me))																						
	Other (Specify):																								
	Surname:																					Г		Т	
	Given Name:																					Т		Т	
	Other Name(s):																					Т		Т	
	Birth Weight:											_													
2.	DETAILS OF FATHER					_								_				_			_	_	_	_	
	Surname:																								
	Other Name(s):																					Γ		Т	
	Date of Birth:		D	D		М	М		Y	Y	Y	Υ								_	_				
	National Identity No.:																								
	Occupation:																								
	Social Security No.:																								
	Village of origin:												Chie	f:											
	Tribe:											I	Distr	ict:											
	Nationality:																								
	Residential Address:																								
	Contact No.:																								
3.	DETAILS OF MOTHER																								
	Surname:																								
	Other Name(s):																						I		
	Maiden Surname:																								
	Date of Birth:		ъ	D	7	м	м	7	v	v	v	v			_			_		_	_	_			_
	Age of Mother at Birth of Child abo	ve C	Vear	6).		-		Yea	ars																
В	National Identity No.:	, ,	rear	3).			_	100	41.5							No	tion	alit	17:			-			_
A	Occupation:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	110	tion		y - 1	_	_	_	_	_	_
R	Social Security No.:																								
С	Village of Origin:												Chie												
ŏ	Tribe:		2.7		-	_	0.1		_	_			Distr			_	-				_	_	m		-
D	Education: Residential Address:		Ne	ver	вее	n to	Sci	1001					Prim	ary		Ш	5	eco	nda	ry		_	Ier	iary	
Е	Residential Address.																					_			_
	Usual Place of Residence:																								_
	Attendant at Birth:		On	alifi	ed N	Aidy	wife	Т	Т							7	frad	itio	nal	Birt	h A	ttei	ndaı	nt	
	- mondani di Birini			iers					_																,
4.	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	OF						(То	be c	com	plet	ed b	у В	iolo	gica	ıl Pa	rent	s)							
	Marital Status of Parents:					N	/arr	ied]	Not	Ma	rrie	d					
	If not married, Parents must complete the following:			chil										ackn	iowl	ledge	my	/sel	f to	be t	ne n	atu	ıral l	ath	er
		Si	gna	ture											Dat	e:									
		tha	at th	ie ab	ove	nan	ned	be r	egis	tere	d as	the	Fath	ner o	f th	e chi	ild i	n Pa	ırt 1						
		51	Signature : Date:																						

5.	LATE NOTICE		
	If the child is above 12 months:	That the reasons I failed to notify the birth of my	child within twelve months after
	complete the following:	birth are:	
		I, therefore respectfully request that authority be Birth of the child in Part 1:	given for the Registration of the
		Signature of Declarant	Date
6.	DETAILS OF INFORMANT.		
	Surname		
	Other Names		
	National Identity No.:		
	Nationality:		
	Relationship to Child:		
	Residential Address:		
	Postal Address:		
	Contact No.:		
7.	APPENDICES (Attachments)		
	Original Birth record		
	Copies of Parent's National Identity D	ocument	
8.	INFORMANT'S DECLARATION:		
		ovided above is true, correct and complete to the be information or the withholding of any relevant informa-	
	Name	Signature	Date
FO	R OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
	Name of Assistant Registrar	Signature	
	Name of Registrar	Signature	OFFICIAL STAMP

NOTE 1- The informant should be Father or Mother of the child and only if neither is able to give necessary information is one of the following persons entitled to give notice:

- the occupier of the house or the person in-charge of the hospital or institution where the child was born;
- a person present at birth; or (b)
- The person now having charge of the child. (c)

NOTE 2 - In terms of section 15 of the Act, a Registrar shall not enter in the Births Register the name of any person as father of an illegitimate child except at the joint request of the mother and the person acknowledging himself in writing in the presence of the Registrar to be the father of the child.

NOTE 3 - If you are a member of the National Pension Scheme Authority please quote your Social Security Number as this will assist the fund in the payment of benefits.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING NOTICE OF BIRTH

- Fill in all applicable spaces using BLOCK LETTERS only without ERASURES or use of CORRECTING FLUID.
- 2. Use black or blue ink only.
- Ensure that the information provided on the Form is correct to the best of your knowledge.
- 4. Once the forms have been submitted, the information provided will be considered correct details of the child.

8. Form IX. Affidavit of Birth by Independent Witness

I (deponent's full names)

Form IX (Rule 23(6)) (To be completed in duplicate) (Stocked by DNRPC)



The Births and Deaths Registration Act (Laws, Volume 5, Cap 51)

The Births and Deaths Registration (General) (Amendment) Rules, 2016

AFFIDAVIT OF BIRTH BY INDEPENDENT WITNESS

aged and holder of National Registration Card No.:
hereby make *oath/*affirmation and say that I have personal knowledge of the birth of
(child's name)
He/she is my (relationship)
He/she was born onat *Village/*House
No
I further declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief his/her parents' names are as follows:
Father: Village:
District:
Mother: Village:
District: Country:
I make this *oath/*affirmation conscientiously believing the same to be true.
Signed
*Sworn/*affirmed before me at
Magistrate/Commissioner for Oaths

*Delete as appropriate

9. Form XIII. Notice of Death



Form XIII (2016 Rev) (Rule 32) (To be completed in duplicate) (Stocked by DNRPC)

NOTICE OF DEATH

WARNING: In terms of section 9 of the Births and Deaths Registration Act, Cap. 51; any person who is obliged to make a registration and refuses or neglects to state any particular required on this form or gives any false information for the purpose of registration commits an offence and may, on conviction, be fined or imprisoned or fined and imprisoned.

Pleas	e complete in block letters				fields use or			App			on N Tim		-											
Infori	nation Required		Infe	orma	ation	Prov	idea	1																V
A.	DETAILS OF THE DECEASED		SER	IAI	No.:	_						_	_]	DIS	TF	IC	T:	_	_		_	_	_	
	Surname of the Deceased																							
	Other Name(s)												l											
	Occupation																							1
	Residential address																							1
	Date of Death		D	D	17	М	М	\Box	1	Y	Υ	Y	,	Y										1
	Place of occurrence of death	\vdash			cility ecify)		+		_	_		_					Hoi	ne						
	Name of place of death																							1
	Date of Birth		D	D	\square	М	М	\overline{A}	Υ	3	7	Y	Y	Τ										
	Age at Death			-	Year	S		\vdash		М	Iont	hs		t	D	ays	3		Sex	М		F		1
	Nationality of Deceased	Г.												_										1
	National Identity No.:																							1
	Social Security No./NAPSA																							
	Level of education		N	BTS	Т	1	rim	ary	Т	Т		Se	co	nda	ry		Т	1	Т	ertia	ıry		Г	1
В.	CAUSE OF DEATH:		(FO	R O	FFIC	TAI	US	ΕO	NL	\overline{Y}							_				_		_	
	Healthy Facility Death (attach med leader); Brought in dead (Police to	dical	cert	ifica	te of	the c	ause	of	deat	th),														
	Immediate Cause											ĺΙ	CI) C	OD	Е	Ė							1
	Antecedent Cause											t	CI) C	OD	E								1
	Underlying Cause											_		_	OD									1
C.	POLICE REPORT: BROUGHT-	IN.D	FAI) CE	RTIE	TCA	TE								-									
· .	This is to certify that:MR/MRS/MS		Late			Ten																		
	Place of Residence Confirms having brought in the body																							-
	of his/her (relationship)																							-
	Surname:																							-
	Other Names:						_	_	_	7			_	7	_		_	_	_		_			
	Age:	He.	/She	pass	ed aw	ay or	ı D	D	\vee	1	М	М	\angle	\perp	Y.	Y	Y	7	Ti	me:				
	At (Place):																							
	Suddenly / Suffering from:																							
	Treatment was at:																							
	And this is natural death And this is sudden death	lH																						
	post mortem examination to be																							
	conducted (Tick applicable situation)																							
	No. and Rank									F	orn	natio	on:											
	Name:																							
	Signed:									Da	ıte:													
	Authorised Medical Practitione	r's R	Rema	arks	:																			
	Pupils dilated and fixed:																							
	Certified by (Name):																							
	Signature:									Da	ite:.													
			_	_					_		_		_			_		_	_					_

D.	DETAILS OF INFORMANT.		
	Surname		
	Other Names		
	Relationship to the Deceased		
	Contact No.:		
	National Identity No.:		
	Nationality:		
	Residential Address:		
	Postal Address:		
	Date of Registration:		
E.	APPENDICES (Attachments)		
	Original Medical Certificate of the C	Cause of Death	
	Original NRC for the Deceased		
	Copy of Informant's National Identit	y Document	
	Coroner's Report in case of unnatura	al death requiring investigation	
INFO	DRMANT'S DECLARATION		
		led above is true, correct and complete to the best or untrue information or the withholding of any re	
	Name	Signature	Date
FOR	OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
•••••	Name of Assistant Registra	T.	Signature
	Name of Registrar		Signature OFFICIAL STAMP

NOTE 1 – The informant should be a relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of the deceased, and in default thereof the person from the following:

- (a) A relative living in the district where the deceased died;
- (b) A person present at the death; and
- (c) The undertaker.

NOTE 2 – The Medical Certificate showing the cause of Death must be attached to this form.

NOTE 3 – If the deceased was a member of the National Pension Authority, please quote his/her Social Security Number as this will assist the Fund in the payment of benefits.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING NOTICE OF DEATH

- 1. Fill in all applicable spaces using BLOCK LETTERS only without ERASURES or use of CORRECTING FLUID.
- Use black or blue ink only.
- $3. \qquad \text{Ensure that the information provided on the Form is correct to the best of your knowledge}.$
- 4. Once the forms have been submitted, the information provided will be considered correct details of the applicant.



REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA

(Surname) Please write your name here

FORM 'A'

APPLICATION FOR A ZAMBIAN PASSPORT FOR PERSONS OVER SIXTEEN YEARS OF AGE

THE FEE FOR THE APPLICATION FORM IS K20.00 FEES K300 FOR A 32 PAGE AND K500.00 FOR A 48 PAGE PASSPORT IN CASH. EXPRESS SERVICE CHARGE K200.00 (ONLY APPLICABLE AT HEAD-OUARTERS), IT IS REGRETTED THAT CHEOUES ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.

IMPORTANT. Read instructions carefully before completing the form

HOW TO COMPLETE THE FORM

- Applicants for Zambian Passports should come in person at Passport Offices
- Section 1.3.5.6 and 7 of this form must be completed in english by all applications for new passports and renewals, section 2 and 4 must also be completed by those to whom these sections apply
- Section 2 must be completed by married female applicants only. The copy of the marriage certificate must also be attached (produced)
- The form should be clearly written in the applicants own handwriting using block capital for all names
- Application for a passport for a child under sixteen (16 years) should be made on form 'B'. Not this form.
- 2. Authentication of application The application must be authenticated and sponsored in Section 7 by a Minister of Religion Medical or Legal Practitioner Established Senior Civil Servant, Senior Bank official, or any Zambian subject of similar standing who has been personally acquainted with the applicant for at least two years. A member of the applicant's family is not acceptable as a recommender, (See also Note 3).
- Photographs Two copies of a recent photograph of the applicant must be included with the application. These must be taken full face without a hat and must not be mounted. The size must not be more that 64mm by 51mm or less that 51mm by 38mm. They must be printed on normal photographic paper with a white background and not be glazed on the reverse side. The recommender is also required to endorse the reverse side of one copy with the words;
- 'I certify that this is a true likeness of the applicant Mr. (Mrs oradd his signature and official stamp

All photographs included with an application become the property of the Government of the Republic of Zambia when it is lodged.

NOTES 4. Documents to be produced

(a) If applicant was born in Zambia:-National Registration Cards, Applicant's birth Certificate previous passport if any, Parent's current or previous Passport

Stocked by CPO

- (b) If the applicant was born outside Zambia of a Zambian parent:-
 - (i) National Registration Card, applicant's birth certificate and his/her parents marriage Certificate;
 - his/her parents birth certificate. naturalisation or (iii) registration document, or other evidence of Zambian nationality,
 - If applicant's birth was registered at a Zambian Mission abroad details of that registration must be given in Section 4
- (c) If applicant is a citizen of Zambia by Bestawal or by registration

Applicant's Bestawal or registration document

- (d) A foreign woman who has married a citizen of Zambia must produce evidence of her own registration as a citizen of
- (e) Married persons must produce their marriage certificates.
- (f) Children under 18 years of age may not be granted passports without the written consent of the legal guardian, or parent, except where the person under 18 is married.

Letters of consent should state the relationship to the child

- (NB-Any other person, claiming legal custody during lifetime of the parent must produce the Court Order committing the child to her or that person's custody).
- (g) A change of name other than by marriage or adoption must be substantiated by the production of evidence showing that a bona fide change has been made for all purposes. (h) All applicants must attach duly completed sworn birth affidavit using from N and certified copies of National Registration Card, copies of birth certificate also copies of the

APPLICATION FORM 'A' To be completed in ink in the applicant's own handwriting.

NOTE - Do not sign form until you have read the notes on page 1

District Country Profession Occupation		PERSO	NAL DETA	ILS		PERSO	NAL DES	SCRIPTI	ION	
CDEMITMENS (MINICE CAPITALS) Profession or Occupation	1.									
Occupation Age last* Date of Birth Residence (Country) Place and Country of birth Marital Status: Single, Married, Widowed, (Divorced) (CROSS OUT WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY) Maiden Sumame: (if applicant is a woman who is or has been married) Has name been changed? (Yes (Sin BLOCK CAPITALS) Present address (Win LOCK CAPITALS) Usual place of residence (Sin BLOCK CAPITALS) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration. (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY)/See NOTE 4(b) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once		(Dr/Mr/Mrs/Miss)				Profes				
Age last* Date of Birth (Country) Place and Country of birth Marital Status: Single, Married, Widowed, (Divorced) (ROSS OUT WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY) Maiden Surname: (if applicant is a woman who is or has been married) Has name been changed? (otherwise than by marriage) Present address (OS BLOCK CAPITALS) Usual place of residence (ON BLOCK CAPITALS) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration, (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY)Ger NOTE 40) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) State whether married more than once						Occupa				
Place and Country of birth Marital Status: Single, Married, Widowed, (Divorced) (CROSS OUT WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY) Maiden Surname: (if applicant is a woman who is or has been married) Has name been changed? (see NOTE 4 (g) Present address (sea NOTE 4 (g) Present address (sea NOTE 4 (g) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration, (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY), See NOTE 4 (b) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) State whether married more than once		Age last* Date of Birth								
of birth Marital Status: Single, Married, Widowed, (Divorced) (CROSS OUT WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY) Maiden Surname: (if applicant is a woman who is or has been married) Has name been changed? (otherwise than by marriage) Present address (See NOTE 4 (g) Present address (See NOTE 4 (g) Present address (See NOTE 4 (g) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration. (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY)/(See NOTE 4) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) State whether married more than once			(Cou	iiiy)				m	cm	
Maiden Surname: (if applicant is a woman who is or has been married) Has name been changed? Yes (otherwise than by marriage) Present address (ose NOTE 4 (g) Present address (ose NOTE 4 (g) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration, (Delete words which do not APPLY)(See NOTE 4b) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) State whether married more than once						ricigin		111	CIII	
Has name been changed? (otherwise than by marriage) If so, state original name (see NOTE 4 (g) Present address (see NOTE 4 (g) Perculiarities		Marital Status: Single, Married, Widowed, (Divorced) (CROSS OUT WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY)				Colour	of eyes			
(see NOTE 4 (g) marriage) Present address (IN BLOCK CAPITALS) Usual place of residence (IN BLOCK CAPITALS) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration, (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY/See NOTE 4 h) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once			an who is or	has been marrie	d)	Colour of hair				
Usual place of residence (the MACK CAPITALS) Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration, (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY/Get NOTE 4b) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once		(otherwise than by	(000		name					
Place and Country of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration, (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY/XSer NOTE 40) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once										
of birth of Parent National status of parent; Citizen of the Republic of Zambia by birth/registration. (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY/(See NOTE 4b) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once		(IN BLOCK CAPITALS)								
by birth/registration. (DELETE WORDS WHICH DO NOT APPLY)(See NOTE 4b) * If applicant is under 18 years of age, written consent of legal guardian must be produced (see note 4 (f). 2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once										
2. MARRIED WOMEN (Including widows and divorced women) applying must complete this section. Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once		by birth/registration.			ımbia					
Place of Marriage Date of Marriage Husband's (or late or former husband's) nationality State whether married more than once		* If applicant is under 1	8 years of a	ge, written con	sent of	legal gu	ıardian n	nust be p	oroduced (see n	ote 4 (f).
State whether married more than once	2.	MARRIED WOMEN (In	cluding wid	lows and divorc	ed won	nen) app	lying mu	st compl	ete this section.	
Particulars of husband (or late or former husband) Sumame and full other names Place and country of birth If husband was born outside Zambia give		Place of Marriage	Date	of Marriage	Husl	band's (or late or	former h	usband's) nation	nality
Particulars of husband (or late or former husband) Sumame and full other names Place and country of birth If husband was born outside Zambia give										
Surname and full other names Place and country of birth If husband was born outside Zambia give						f answer is 'Yes' details of former marriage(s) must be given on section 9				
Trace and country of orth			,							
		Surname and full other names		Place and cou	ntry of b	oirth				
If husband is not a Zambian citizen by birth details of his descent must be given on section 9		If husband is not a Zan	nbian citizen	by birth details	of his c	descent r	nust be gi	ven on se	ection 9	
3. NATIONAL STATUS:	3.	NATIONAL STATUS:								
(i) Citizen of Zambia by *birth.										
(ii) Citizen of Zambia by *descent. (iii) Citizen of Zambia by *registration or naturalisation.				a or noturalisatio	20					
(iv) Bestawal			registration	i oi naturansatit	JII.					
NRC /Certificate No		NRC /Certificate	No							
Date of Issue										
Place of Issue* *Delete whichever is not applicable										
4. TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL PERSONS BORN OUTSIDE ZAMBIA:	4.					IDE ZA	MBIA:			
(a) If parent is a citizen of Zambia by registration, state:		(a) If parent is a citize	n of Zambia	by registration,	state:					
(i) No. of his registration certificate										
(a) If applicant's birth was registered at a Zambia Consulate abroad, or other Commonwealth Consulate abroad acting		(a) If applicant's birth v	vas registered							road acting
on behalf of Zambia state:				G 1.						
(i) Name and Place of such Consulate										
(ii) Date of such registration		(II) Date of suc	11 regionation							

5.	5. PASSPORT REQUIRED FOR TRAVEL TO THE FOLLOWING COUNTRIES							
	Purpose of travel							
	If sponsored b	by a Government state n	ame of Department					
6.	6. DECLARATION 1. I, the undersigned, hereby apply for the issue of a passport. I declare that the information given in this application is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I have not lost the status of Zambia subject. I further declare, A that I have not previously held or applied for a passport of any description, B that my name is not endorsed on any valid passport or travel document, C that all previous passports granted to me have been surrendered, other than passport or travel document Nowhich is now attached and that I have made no other application for a passport since the attached passport or travel document was issued to name.							
	Signatu	re		Date:				
	NOTE - If y	ou had a passport which	n has been lost, cros	s out A and C and co	mplete Section 8			
7.	· ·	NDER (See NOTES the applicant has been known ad belief the facts stated of		e for		at to the best of my		
	Signature			Date:				
	Name			N.R.C No				
		e						
	l	ee NOTE 2 on page 1)						
	Address				•••••			
		NT - Applicants and reco						
F	OR OFFICIA	L USE ONLY						
		DOCUM	ENTS PRODUCI	ED TO BE NOTEI) HERE			
Birtl	icant's NRC, h Certificate r affidavit	Parent's Certificate of Registration and passport	Husband's Birth Certificate or affidavit	Applicant's deed pole or Statutory declaration	Marriage Certificate	Other Documents		

(PLEASE SEE OVERLEAF)

8.	PARTICULARS OF PREVIOUS PASSPORT WHICH HAS BEEN LOST OR IS NOT	
	AVAILABLE FOR PRESENT USE (See Section 6, overleaf).	
	Passport No	
	Circumstances in which passport was lost or destroyed, or other reasons for its non availability	
	Place and date of loss	
	What measures were taken at the time of reporting the loss?	
	Has loss been reported to the Police?	
	I certify that the above particulars are correct and undertake in the event of the passport comir	
	possession to return it to the Passport Office, Lusaka, to a Zambian Embassy or to a Zambian High Co	
	for cancellation.	
	Signed: Date:	
9.	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
10.	PARENT OF LEGAL GUARDIAN'S CONSENT	
	I, (FULL NAME)at.	
	of (Full Name(s)	
	, here	by give my consent for
	him/her/them to hold a passport	
	Signature: Date:	
	Relationship to child (Applicant)	(see NOTE 4 (f)
	(Also enclose letter of consent)	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
		Amount
		of fee paid
1		

Form B: Application for a Zambian Passport for Persons Below the Age of 11. Sixteen

Stocked by CPO	REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA FOR PASSPORT USE ONLY	Photo
NAME:		
CONNECTION FILES		
PASSPORT NO		
ECI NO:		DATE STAMP

PASSPORT APPLICATION FORM 'B'

FOR PERSONS BELOW THE AGE OF SIXTEEN

INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT: Please read instructions carefully before completing the form The fee for the Application form is K20 The charges for passports are K500.00 for a 48 page passport K300.00 for a 32 page passport which must be paid in cash at the time of application. Express service char ge K200.00 (Only application at the headquarters) cheques and stamps can not be accepted in payment

HOW TO COMPLETE THE FORM

This form must be completed by the parent or other legal guardian of the child in his/her own handwriting. When the marriage of the parents have been dissolved, or in any case when someone other than the parent signs the application, evidence of the legal guardianship should be produced with application. Complete Sections 1,2,3,4,5 and if applicable, Section 7.

Note:- The any other person claiming legal custody during the lifetime of the parent must produce the court order committing the child to that person's custody.

HOW TO COMPLETE SECTION 5

- Insert name, Place and Date
- Name (s) and Surname of parent or Guardian of child, occupation and present address. Name and Surname of child, age and present
- address (Names in CAPITAL LETTERS) (d)
- The child must sign his or her name in the space below marked ** and at ***
- State relationship to the child
- State exact national status e.g citizen of Zambia by birth, nationalisation, etc. In case of a citizen of Zambia by naturalisation or registration, the certificate of Naturalisation or Registration must be furnished.

Note: All previous passports must be accounted for.

Signing the Form:- The application form must be signed in Section 5 by the applicants Parents, a legal guardian in the presence of the witness, who shall be a Magistrate, Member of Parliament, Justice of the Peace, Minister of Religion, member of the legal profession, Bank Officer, Senior Public Official, who should complete section 6 and certify on the reverse side of one of the photographs that it is a true likeness of the child.

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED

Applicants should produce to the Passport Officer the Child's Birth Certificate, Certificate of Naturalisation or Registration where applicable, duly completed sworn affidavit/affirmation form M, certified copy of parents national Registration Card also copies of parents or child's previous passport. Persons claiming Citizenship of Zambia by descent, will be required to produce documentary evidence in support to their Statement at Section 2.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Two copies of a recent photograph of the child must be included with this application. These photographs must be taken full face without hat, of head and shoulders, and the photographs must not be mounted. The size of the photographs must not be more than 6cm by 5cm nor less than 5cm by 4cm. The photographs must be printed on normal thin photographic paper and must not be glazed on the reverse side. The witness is also required to endorse the reverse side of one copy of the photograph with the words ' I certify that this is the true likeness of the applicant Mr and Miss... and add his signature.

APPLICATIONS

Applications should be submitted to Passport Office and at any nearest Zambian Mission Abroad.

[1]	Surname (in block capitals)			
	Names (in full in block capitals)			
	Has names been changed?		If so, state original name	
	Place and date of Birth	(Place)		(Date) Age last Birthday
	Residential Address (in block capitals)			
[2]	NATIONAL STATUS (i) *Citizen of Zambia by Bir (ii) *Citizen of Zambia by De (iii) *Citizen of Zambia by *F	scent	n (Here give details of C	Certificates)
Certi	ficate No:	Place of Issue	Da	te of Issue
	Delete whichever is not applicable			
[3]	STATUS OF PARENT			
	State whether his/her parent w His/her parent (full name)			
	Holder of National registration	n Card/Birth Certificate		
	(a) was born on		in Zambia at	
or	(b) was born on		at (Country)	(place)
	Birth registered at			Zambia mission
or	(c) was granted a Certificate o	f Naturalisation or Registra	tion No.:	
	Issued at		on	
or	(d) was at the time of his/her b	oirth in the service of the Go	overnment of the Republ	ic of Zambia Held the
	appointment of			
	on	the appointment	of	
	at			
[4] D	ESCRIPTION OF THE CHI	LD		
Heigl	ht	meters		cm
Colo	of Eyes	Colour of	Hair	
Visib	le distinguishing marks or spec	al peculiarities		

[5] DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY PARENT OR GUARDIAN

(a)			20)
I, the undersigned, (b)				
residing at				hereby declare that
*(c)		(d) aged	years,	residing at
		of v	whom Iam the (e)	is
a (f)				having been born
at		on the	day of	
				sued to him/her for purpose of
* (g) I declare that he/sh on any other passport or			separate passport, n	either is his/her name endorsed
			Signed	
	owledge and belief the d by him/her in my p	ne facts stated on this presence . Iam a Citiz of issue Date	form are correct and en of the Republic o	Seal or Stamp of
FOR OFFICIAL USE	OCUMENTS D	RODUCED TO	DE NOTED I	нгрг
	COMENTST	KODUCED IC	DENOTED	
				Other Documents
Applicants Birth Certificate	Parent's Birth Certificate	Parents Certificate of Registration	Marriage Certificate	

[7] $\,$ (See Note, Section 6, overleaf) PARTICULARS OF PREVOIUS PASSPORT WHICH HAS BEEN LOST OR IS NOT AVAILABLE FOR PRESENT USE.

		on
	ssport was lost or destroyed, or other reason	on for its non-availability
Has the loss been reported t	to the Police?	
I certify that the above partitor return it to the Passport O	culars are correct and undertake in the even office, Lusaka, or to Zambian Mission for c	nt of the passport coming again into my possession cancellation.
	Signed	(Parent or Guardian)
	Date	
	SUPPLEMENTARY INFOR	RMATION
	and witness (see Section 6) are warned that true, the consequences to them may be see	at should any statement contained in their respecti rious.
FOR PASSPORT OFFIC	CE USE ONLY	
		Amount of fee paid
		F

12. Form L: Lost Passport Description Slip

FORM L 400mA450 3/88 TIR.



LOST PASSPORT DESCRIPTION SLIP

Passport Number
Date of Issue
Office of Issue
Full name of holder at time of Issue
Place of birth
Date of birth
Personal description of holder at time of issue:
Profession or occupation.
Country of residence
Height
Colour of eyes
Colour of hair
Special perculiarities.
Specimen signature (as in passport)
LOST PASSPORT DESCRIPTION SLIP
Passport Number
Date of Issue
Office of Issue
Full name of holder at time of Issue
Place of birth
Date of birth
Personal description of holder at time of issue:
Profession or occupation
Country of residence
Height
Colour of eyes
Colour of hair
Special perculiarities.
Special percursary

REPORT OF LOST PASSPORT

A new passport in replacement of a lost one can only be issued after a through investigation has been made, including reference to the issuing authority. If lost or destroyed the fact and circumstances should immediately be reported to the Passport Office, Lusaka, or the nearest Zambia Consulate, Zambia High Commission, and also to the local Police. In Zambia, reports should be sent to the Passport Office, P. O. Box 30104, Lusaka, and the local Police informed.

The seperate description slip must be completed in full, for reference to the Issuing Authority.

assport Number		
Date of Issue		
Office of Issue		
Full name of holder at time of Issue		
Place and date of birth		
lace and date of loss		
Cause of loss		
Date reported to Police		
Any other action taken		
any other action taken.		
Date.		
Jate	Signed	
	Address	
Cumulamentamy	Information	
Supplementary	шогшацоп	
For use in Passp	oort Office	
Number of new passport		
Data of issue		*1

13. Form M: Affidavit/Affirmation

Form M Stocked by Passport Office



MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REGISTRATION, PASSPORT AND CITIZENSHIP

PART I AFFIDAVIT / AFFIRMATION

(10 be completed by up)	nicum s purem or guardians)			
	ll name)			
	, and holder of National Registration			
-	n/Affirmation and say that I personally			
	of			
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	tionship)			
He/She was born on	at Village/1	ownship		
Chief/Town	District			
Country				
	SCHOOLS ATTENDED	DA'	ΓES	
		DA	I E S	
n ·	SCHOOL	From	То	
Primary:				
Secondary:				
Post Secondary:				
	that to the best of my knowledge and belief, his/her fa			
	Date of Issue			
Place of IssueVillage/Town				
TribeChief				
DistrictCountry				
His/her mother being na	med: (full name)			
holder of N.R.C No.:	Date of Issue			
Place of Issue	Village/Town:			
Tribe	Chief			
District	Country			
*Delete whichever is not app.	licable			
	Signed:			

Sworn/Affirmed before me at	
this	day of
	Magistrate/Commissioner for Oaths
	PART III
CONFIRMA	TION OF PLACE OF BIRTH
(To be completed by the Council Secretary/To	own Clerk of the District in the applicant/father/mother was born)
From my local knowledge of the District and	investigations carried out, I confirm that (full name of applicant)
	and his/her/father/mother,
Mr/Mrs/Miss/Dr/Prof. (full names)	
were born at the places stated above.	
	Signed:
DATE STAMP:	Dist. Council Sec/Town Clerk::

14. Form N: Affidavit of Birth

(To be completed in applicant's own handwriting in block capitals)

Form N Stocked by Passport Office





MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REGISTRATION, PASSPORT AND CITIZENSHIP

AFFIDAVIT OF BIRTH

			AFFI	DAVII O	r bik	111	
, (fu	ll nam	es)				ma	ke oath and say that:
	My	name is (full	names)				
2.	Iam	a (give natio	nal status)				
3.	Iam	employed as	a (give occupati	on)			
4.				,			
5.	Ires	ide at (reside	ential address)				
5.	(a)	I was born	on		in/at	Village/Town	
		My N.R.C	No. being:		issue	d at	Date:
	(b)	My Village	being:		Tribe		
		Chief			Distr	ict	
		Country:					
				SCHOOLS ATT	ENDED		
						DA	TES
			SCHOOL	L		From	To
Prin	nary:						
Sœ	ondar	y:					
Pos	t Seco	ndary:					
	(c)						
						,	
	(4)						
	(d)						
						-	
		District				uy	
7.	I am	in/not in pos	ession of a Birth	Certificate as facilitie	s existed for	the registration of l	births at the time of
	my b	irth.(Delete v	which is not applic	able)			
3.	Myl	mowledge of	the details of my b	irth is based on			
	-						
).	To th	ne best of my	knowledge and be	elief the above details		are true.	
				(*Delete as re	equired)		
				S	igned		
	Swo	rn by the said	L				before me
his					day of		
wen	ty hun	dred and					
						Commissioner f	or Oaths

15. Affidavit of Non-Impediment to Marriage

AFFIDAVIT OF NON-IMPEDIMENT TO MARRIAGE

I,				
Make Oath and say as follows:				
1.	That my name is			
2.	That I am by Trade, Profession or Occupation			
3.	That I reside at			
4.	That my Nationality is			
5.	That I know			
6.	That she/he is my			
7.	That she/he was born on			
1	That to the best of my knowledge and belief she/he has not under gone any marriage here in Zambia or else where outside Zambia and I solemnly swear that the above information is true and correct.			
Sworn/Affirmed by the said:				
	Signature			
At				
Sworn before	re me:			
COMMISSIONER OF OATH				

16. General Affidavit

GENERAL AFFIDAVIT FORM

I (FULL NAMES)	
RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF	
	THAT)
	SIGNATURE:
SWORN BEFORE ME AT	THIS
DAY OF	TWO THOUSAND AND

COMMISSIONER OF OATHS

17. Application for a Zambian Passport – Barcoded Form



REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA APPLICATION FOR A ZAMBIAN PASSPORT

Type of Passport	Reason for Passport	Services	
Ordinary 32 pages Ordinary 48 pages Diplomatic	New passport Renewal Lost passport	Express Live photograp	Paste Photograph
Official Use File to General Receipt Form A Form B		Receiving Office davit	(35 x 45mm) DO NOT STAPLE
Personal Information	Use CAPITAL LETTERS p	lease	
Surname Given name(s) Date of birth Place of birth Town /	MM YYYY Sex	(M/F)	(36 characters max.)
NRC number Hair color Previous passport number (in	Eye colora case of renewal)	Cell phone Height Profess	sion
	d the above details correctly.	Signature	
Official Use Rece	Photo Capturing Data Capturin	g Verification Printin	ng Quality Control Issuance
Present this tag	Passpo	HOME AFFAIRS ort Office	
•	(Given name(s) Date of birth	MM YYYY











International Organization for Migration (IOM)
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Tel.: +260 211 25 40 55 • Fax: +260 211 25 38 56
Email: iomlusaka@iom.int • Website: www.iom.int